

WEATHER INDICATION.
Fair tonight and Saturday; possibly
light frost tonight; warmer Saturday.

VOLUME 47—NUMBER 86.

NEWARK, OHIO, FRIDAY EVENING, JUNE 12, 1903.

THE NEWARK ADVOCATE.

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They always bring satisfactory re-
sults. Only 25c for 3 lines 3 times.

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ASSASSINATION

Was Necessary to Save the Country From Ruin Say the Belgrade Papers

Troubles of New Servian Regime Have Already Begun

Bodies of Those Killed in Yesterday's Revolution Buried Tonight—New King is Popular—A Sketch—An Official List of Those Murdered.

Belgrade, Servia, June 12—The Belgrade morning papers today all unite in saying that the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga was necessary, that the country might be saved from ruin. The general public, in addition to their satisfaction that the unpopular ruler is gone, are actuated with joy of having a new ruler, and with the happy prospects of great things being accomplished by him. Details of the assassination are rapidly becoming known. The Sixth regiment carried out practically all the arrangements of the uprising and the murders.

NEW REGIME'S TROUBLES.

Belgrade, Servia, June 12—The first trouble under the new regime is reported from Nisch this morning. It is stated that the garrison there has refused to obey the mandates of the new ministry.

BODIES BURIED TONIGHT.

Belgrade, Servia, June 12—The bodies of all those killed during yesterday's uprising with the exception of the king, will be buried tonight. Alexander's body has been claimed by former Queen Natalie, his mother, and after the inquest has been held, she will have it interred in a monastery of Rakovitz.

NEW KING POPULAR.

Geneva June 12—Prince Karageorgevitch, the new king of Servia, will return to Servia when called. He is guarded closely, but as he is popular there is little fear of violence.

AN UNCONFIRMED REPORT.

London, June 12—The Evening Star's Belgrade correspondent today wires that the bodies of King Alexander and Queen Draga have been buried in a pit at the village of Rakovitz as a mark of ignominy. The bodies of the royal couple's relatives and those of the statesmen murdered at the same time, were placed above them and the earth filled in. This is not confirmed by the other reports.

IN BULGARIA

It is feared the revolutionists may imitate Servians.

Sofia, Bulgaria, June 12—The tragedy enacted at Belgrade became known here late yesterday. The news created a profound impression. It is feared that in conjunction with the trouble in Macedonia the Servian revolution may lead to international complications, involving disastrous consequences to Bulgaria. On receipt of the news a special meeting of the ministers was called to consider what measures were necessary in view of the situation.

A PEN PICTURE

Of the New King of Servia by Henri Pene Du Bois.

Paris, June 12—Henri Pene Du Bois the noted American art critic, who is personally acquainted with Peter Karageorgevitch, the new Servian king, jotted down the following pen picture:

Tall, thick, dark, a Cossack in aspect, the new King of Servia is a familiar figure to Americans who have studied art and letters in Paris. He was for years an art student, but as he learned little it is probable that he adopted that profession for the pleasure of doing nothing.

As a student of painting he went to

the Quatzarts ball; as a student of medicine he went to the Medical Students' ball. As a writer of odd, barbarous poems for an ephemeral review, he went to the Cafe D'Harcourt. He was picturesque and harmless. As a pretender to the throne of Servia he made a good impression.

The faithful to his family that came to Paris paid court to him without a doubt of his earnest desire to be king. His classmates were sure that nothing would embarrass him so much as a revolution to make his accession possible.

He pretended to be a Pretender, his Parisian acquaintances thought. There was no sign of his having the slightest popularity among them. He attained distinction in nothing. Alphonse Daudet, whose Bohemianism was captivated by the personalities of the pretenders to thrones of Europe, made no mention in his "Kings in Exile" of Garageorgevitch.

For years he resided in Paris, where he was a well known boulevardier, and Americans will recollect him particularly as the unlucky suitor for the hand of Miss Maybell Swift, of Chicago to whom he was even reported engaged four years ago.

The call from Servia will find him a rather quiet, unpretentious man of 60, quietly residing in a cottage near Geneva.

His brother, Prince Arsene, is now in Paris. His cousin, Prince Bodijar Karageorgevitch, who lives in the Bois de Boulogne, took part in the French campaign in Tonquin and was decorated with the cross of the Legion of Honor.

In an interview Prince Bodijar did not hesitate to declare that he considered popular hatred of Queen Draga to have been the cause of the assassinations. One becoming queen, he said, she made herself first feared, then hated.

"She brutally revenged herself for the slightest offense," he declared, "and pitilessly crushed high or low who had the misfortune to displease her. The late king was only a tool in the hands of this bold, domineering woman."

TEN ASSASSINATED.

Belgrade, June 12—The following is the official list of those who were assassinated:

King Alexander, the last of the Obrenovitchs.

Queen Draga, formerly Mme. Maschia.

The queen's two brothers.

General Zingar Markovitch, premier.

General L. Petrowitch, minister of war.

Two aides-de-camp and two other officers.

A DOMESTIC AFFAIR.

Berlin, June 12—Official circles here state that the interchange of views has revealed an inclination on the part of the powers to regard the assassination of King Alexander and Queen Draga as purely a domestic affair, concerning only the Servians. This view will probably prevail, not because the powers approve in action in the matter, but because they distrust one another so intensely that they fear to intervene.

Annapolis, June 12—Candidate A. S. Farguinar of Ohio, has successfully passed his physical examination, and will enter the naval academy as a midshipman.

UNITED STATES

Will Officially Ignore Assassination of the King and Queen of Servia, at Belgrade.

Washington, June 12—No official action will be taken by this government as a result of the royal tragedy at Belgrade, which removed the king and queen of Servia.

Diplomats say the pro-Russian sympathy of the king indicates Russian influence in the Balkans to the exclusion of other powers and the establishment in what Europe claims to be neutral territory. It is known that the family of the new king has long been closely allied to Russia and swayed by Russian thought and sentiment. There is therefore every assurance that a strong pro-Russian policy will prevail in Servia under the new regime.

At the state department it was announced that no message or other official notice of the tragedy and change in government would be transmitted by this government. In due course of time Minister Jackson will be given his credentials to the new government and this will be an official recognition of the changed conditions.

Until, therefore, these credentials are sent forward this government will take no notice of the tragedy beyond the personal interest and sympathy of the officials. It is understood that Minister Jackson will be advised of the expediency of remaining away from the Servian capital until affairs there have adjusted themselves to the new order of things.

MUNSON

Company is Reorganized Owing to the Death of Mr. H. D. Munson Who Was President.

Zanesville, O., June 12—The recent death of H. D. Munson has necessitated a reorganization of the H. D. Munson Music company, of which the deceased was president. The reorganization was effected at a meeting of the stockholders yesterday.

The new board of directors is composed of Charles E. Munson, J. M. Brelsford, H. A. Munson, J. T. Miller, E. W. Stockdale and E. A. Oldham.

The directors organized by electing Charles E. Munson, president; J. M. Brelsford, treasurer; J. T. Miller, vice president and general manager, and E. A. Oldham, secretary.

WILSON

Married the Chum of the Girl to Whom He Was Engaged—An Ohio Man's Choice.

Kansas City, Mo., June 12—Harry W. Wilson, newspaper man and politician, of Cleveland, O., and Miss Adah Rega, daughter of Alvah Rega, superintendent of the Kansas City Transfer company, were married by Rev. Dr. Wm. Quayle and left at 9 a. m. for their future home in Cleveland.

Mr. Wilson came here to wed Miss Clifton Mills, daughter of a Missouri Pacific railroad man, but his bride to be was in Jefferson City on a visit and it took a telegram to bring her home. Her explanation of "too good a time" to come home for her wedding did not suit Mr. Wilson, and he persuaded Miss Rega to marry him in place of Miss Mills. Mr. Wilson met both young ladies here in 1900, when he and Tom L. Johnson were here as delegates to the national convention. He made frequent visits after that to see Miss Mills, and an engagement was the result. Miss Mills and Miss Rega were chums.

Conference Closed.

Baltimore, Md., June 12—At yesterday's session of the General Synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church, the report of the committee to devise plans for raising \$1,000,000 within the next five years for general educational work, was adopted. The closing session of the synod was held last night.

Addresses were delivered by Judge Peter S. Grosscup, of Chicago, Rev. Dell of Philadelphia, and Rev. Walter, of New York, after which the synod adjourned sine die.

Pittsburg, Pa., was selected as the next meeting place.

WHOLE

Italian Cabinet Resigned After Giolitti Quit His Job.

Rome, June 12—Signor Giolitti, minister of interior, this morning resigned his portfolio. Subsequently the entire cabinet met and decided to resign in a body, because they considered they had not been sufficiently supported during their inquiry in to the condition of the navy in the chamber on Wednesday last.

TRAGEDY

Discovered by Daughter of the Murdered Woman—Double Crime at Indianapolis.

Indianapolis, Ind., June 12—A romance of two followers of the Salvation Army ended yesterday afternoon in a bloody and mysterious tragedy. One of the victims was Mrs. Wesley R. King of 1302 East Pratt st. The other was James T. Dumas, a transfer man, at 337 South Meridian street. The police do not know whether they quarreled and he shot her and then killed himself or that they decided life was unbearable and that they would die together.

Mrs. King was 41 years old and handsome. She was the mother of five children, and her husband, a skilled laborer, worked in a factory, a short distance from their house. Dumas, it is understood, was prosperous. It is said they met seven or eight years ago in a Salvation Army meeting and that they were lovers from the first sight. For a long time, it seems, they marched side by side with the army, and its meetings were their trysting place. About two years ago the man grew more bold and began to call at her home. The husband knew nothing of their relations, but Alice King warned her mother.

Alice was the first to learn of the tragedy. When she reached home she found the window blinds drawn and the doors locked. She effected an entrance through a window. The first step inside revealed the last chapter of the romance of her mother and Dumas. Mrs. King was lying on a sofa, the blood still owing from two gaping wounds in her forehead. Two feet away lay Dumas in a pool of blood and one shot in the head. A revolver was lying near. The daughter swooned and it was several minutes before she could summon anyone. The police were called and neighbors brought the father from the factory. On the coat of the man who had wrecked his home he found a button picture of his wife and he was wearing her rings. The police were unable to learn much of the tragedy.

A next door neighbor remembered hearing muffled reports of a revolver about 2:30, so it is probable Dumas called then and ended the life of the woman and himself.

DECISION

Upholds the Contention of Coal Carrying Roads Regarding Their Contracts With Agents.

New York, June 12—Judge Lacombe in United States circuit court today handed down a decision upholding the contention of the coal carrying roads that contracts between them and sales agents are privileged documents, and as such the interstate commerce commission has no power to compel their production as evidence. The decision also upholds the refusal of President Baer of the Reading railroad company and other witnesses to answer questions relating to the conduct of their business.

Chicago, June 12—All of the members of the Illinois Coal Dealers' Association indicted for conspiracy in restraint of trade during the recent coal famine were found guilty this morning and fined \$500 each.

FINED

Each of the Coal Dealers \$500—Found Guilty of Conspiracy This Morning.

Pensacola, Fla., June 12—Authority was received at the Pensacola naval station last evening for the practical rebuilding of the captured Spanish cruiser, Isk de Luzon, the only fruit of Dewey's victory able to navigate alone. The statement issued this morning at the navy yard, says an allowance of \$80,000 has been made which with careful expenditure will convert the historic vessel into first class condition.

PRESIDENT

Called on to Secure Arrest of Count Fritz De Morgenstern—Says He Was Robbed.

New York, June 12—Falling through local authorities to find Count Charles Fritz de Morgenstern, who disappeared last Friday with his secret of how to manufacture oil at a cent a gallon, L. Lum Smith proprietor of Men of Letters, a letter brokerage concern, who says he advanced to the count \$1,300 on a partnership interest in the invention, has appealed to President Roosevelt to aid him in arresting Morgenstern.

Mr. Smith's appeal is in the nature of a telegram, which he sent yesterday. It reads:

New York City, June 11, 1903. "President Roosevelt, Washington, D. C.: I have been robbed of \$1,300 cash by Count Morgenstern, who unquestionably left Saturday night for Europe. Police Judiciary and District Attorney's office decline to issue warrant. Cable secret order of arrest, please, immediately. Millionaire undoubtedly frustrating me. Believe me, I demand the warrant with the Declaration of Independence, the constitution, the United States Supreme Court and the Federal troops if necessary. Wire my expense. L. Lum Smith, 595 Broadway."

GEN. MCCOOK

Gallant Officer During Civil War Died This Morning at Daughter's Home in Dayton.

Dayton, O., June 12—General Alexander McCook, U. S. A., retired, suffered a third stroke of paralysis at 6 o'clock this morning and died a half hour later at the home of his daughter Mrs. Charles Craighead, on West Monument avenue. General Alexander McDowell McCook was born in Columbiana county, in Ohio, April 22, 1831. In 1852 he graduated from the West Point Military academy. He was promoted to colonel of the First Ohio Volunteers in 1861 and retired from active service under the law in 1894, with rank of Major General. He received rapid promotions during the civil war for gallant and meritorious conduct.

THE ELKS

Intend to Have a Big Time at Their Annual Reunion Held in Baltimore in July.

Baltimore, June 12—The program for the annual reunion of the Benevolent and Protective Order of Elks, which is to begin in Baltimore on July 20, has been arranged as follows:

Monday, July 20, reception of delegates and conducting the different delegations to their respective headquarters.

Tuesday, July 21, the opening of the session of the Grand Lodge in Ford's Opera House.

Wednesday, July 22, band contests, which will be participated in by 20 or more musical organizations other than Maryland or District of Columbia bands. Four prizes aggregating \$2000 will be given.

Thursday, July 23, street parade, which will be participated in by all the lodges in the Union, with floats, etc. Six hundred and twenty dollars will be awarded to contesting lodges.

Friday, July 24, excursions to Gettysburg and Pen Mar.

Saturday, July 25, trip to Annapolis, visiting the naval academy; also a trip to Washington, where the various points of interest will be visited.

TO REBUILD SHIP.

Pensacola, Fla., June 12—Authority was received at the Pensacola naval station last evening for the practical rebuilding of the captured Spanish cruiser, Isk de Luzon, the only fruit of Dewey's victory able to navigate alone. The statement issued this morning at the navy yard, says an allowance of \$80,000 has been made which with careful expenditure will convert the historic vessel into first class condition.

COOKS QUIT

And Chicago Waiters Laid Aside Their Aprons To Number of 14,000

Millionaire Guests Had to Cook Their Own Breakfasts

No Attempt is Being Made to Transact Business Today At a Number of the Leading Hotels in the Windy City.

Chicago, June 12—At 2 o'clock this morning a general lockout and strike of 14,000 hotel and restaurant employees was declared.

The employers and employees could not get together. The employers charged that they could settle the strike by paying some of the labor leaders \$7,000 to settle it. The employees in indignation struck, and then the employers started a lockout.

Breakfast was a light meal in Chicago today. All the hotels in Hyde Park district and on the west side, were minus waiters and cooks today. Down town hotels will be closed later.

Millionaire guests at the fashionable hotels had to fry their own eggs and get breakfast on chafing dishes.

Union teamsters will deliver no food today to the hotels and many people had to eat lobster, chicken salad and canned goods kept on hand. Club men acted as bell boys and bell served as chambermaids. The strike is an inconvenience to thousands of people. No violence is reported.

The employees at the Grand Pacific, at the Auditorium and Auditorium Annex walked out about noon today. No attempt is being made to transact business.

FARMER MURDERED

By Two Unknown Men While His Aged Wife Looked Helplessly On—George Geyer Had Been Robbed of All His Money

Columbus, O., June 12—George Geyer, one of the most prominent citizens of the western part of the county, was shot to death in cold blood last night at his home near Alton, by two men to whom he had given the money they demanded.

Mr. Geyer, who was past the age of 70, and his aged wife were alone in their home, all the other members of the family having gone to a lawn party at the home of George Geyer, Jr.

The old couple retired about nine o'clock and were soon asleep, but a few minutes later they were awakened by a strange noise in the room. As they opened their eyes they were terrified to see two strangers who pointed revolvers at them and demanded their money. Both men were white and unmasked and are unknown in the neighborhood.

The farmer and his wife arose and trembling with fear gave them what money they had and prayed for the men to leave.

No resistance would avail since the robbers were young and their victims

were borne down by years.

Having secured the money, which is thought to have been several hundred dollars, the robbers gagged and bound the wife in wyes, which they thought were tight and strong, then turning to the old man they deliberately shot him in cold blood and left him lying dead almost in touch with the helpless wife.

The murderers disappeared as quickly and as silently as they had appeared. Left alone with her dead, shivering with fright and every nerve strained by the awful experience of those few bloody minutes, Mrs. Geyer struggled to unloose the bonds which held her.

First one rope gave a little, then another, until at last one hand was freed, and soon she was free.

Staggering from weakness she reached the road and screamed loud and long for help.

A neighbor, passing in a buggy, heard her cry. Neighbors came from every direction, but in the darkness no traces of the assassin could be seen.

Flood Condition.

St. Louis, Mo., June 12—The end of the East St. Louis flood is now in sight. A fall of three-tenths of a foot has occurred since Thursday night, the river gauge showing 37.5 this morning. Weather Forecaster Bowie says that beginning Saturday morning the fall should be nearly a foot a day. The situation was materially improved today. In the refugee camp many are ill, but system is growing out of chaos. Rescue work was resumed at dawn today by hundreds of boats and scores of persons were brought in from the flooded districts.

Mayor John Edwards of Granite City died yesterday as a result of injuries received June 3d while fighting the flood.

Maroon's Line Up Sunday.

The Maroons will present the following line-up at the game Sunday at Idlewild Park with the Idlewild team, the game to be called at 3 o'clock.

McAllister cf, Fogle 3b, Jones 2b, Krumm 1b, DeLay ss, Brosius lf, Gibson or Kelley c, Beach rf, McDonald p.

ROBBERS

Looted an Erie Express Car and Carried Off \$7000 Worth of Valuables at Englewood, Ill.

Rochester, Ind., June 12—Last midnight an express car attached to an east bound Erie train was boarded by robbers just outside of Englewood, Ill. They completely looted it, getting \$7,000 worth of valuables.

Rochester, Ind., June 12—All the express robbers who looted the car at Englewood, Ill., were caught later at Huntington, Ind., with their booty. They were all in a car when found except one man. The police who had been notified, surrounded the car. A few shots were fired and the men surrendered. The last man was caught in the railroad yards. They had thrown \$4000 worth of valuables along the track from Englewood to Hammond. It is believed they were all drunk when they began to rob the car. All the valuables were recovered.

A Most Delicious Dessert

Shredded Whole Wheat Biscuit is made in the most hygienic and scientific food laboratory in the world. The wheat is spun into light shreds, containing thousands of open pores and is not crushed flat and dense as in the case of other foods. These pores absorb the digestive juices and provide far greater sustenance for their action than is given by any other food.

"Let us have a 'round' course before bed," is much in vogue with club men over which. The simplicity of preparation and the little cost together with the delicious taste of the composites, make this dessert in the favor of the hour.

USE SEASONABLE FRUIT AND

SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUIT

Set aside When serving, arrange halves in layers covered with club and over which. The simplicity of preparation and the little cost together with the delicious taste of the composites, make this dessert in the favor of the hour.

SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUIT is sold by all grocers.

Send for "The Vital Question" (Recipes, illustrated in colors) FREE Address

THE NATURAL FOOD CO., Niagara Falls, N. Y.



How to Split the Biscuit.

Split and slightly toast the Biscuit, then serve with berries, sliced peaches, bananas or any seasonable fruit. Simple, isn't it?

"Simply Delicious"

For Shortcake: With sharp knife divide the SHREDDED WHOLE WHEAT BISCUIT lengthwise; prepare pineapple as for sauce and bananas or mixed fruit and with fruit and add sugar and whipped cream.

DENISON

WINS STATE CHAMPIONSHIP IN BASEBALL.

Granville Team Defeated the Ohio Wesleyan Players at Beaver Field Thursday.

Denison practically "cinched" her claim to the collegiate baseball championship of Ohio on Beaver Field at Granville, Thursday, when her team won easily from the Ohio Wesleyan team by a score of 7 to 4.

The game was devoid of features except the pitching of Denison's star twirler, Philpot. He was in fine form, and the day while cold, was cloudy, just the kind of weather for a speedy pitcher. The Denison man took advantage of this fact, and shot them across the rubber so fast that the Wesleyan players could not see them.

Eleven of the Methodists were sent to the bench on strikes, and up till the ninth inning only two hits had been made off Philpot's delivery, both made by Apple and both decidedly "fluky." One of them was a grounder which took an unexpected bound over Roubenush's head, while the other was a hard smash to the infield, which was fumbled, but by liberal scoring was counted as a hit. In the ninth he eased up and two hits, a base on balls and an error netted the visitors three runs. In the second inning Philpot performed the remarkable feat of striking out the three men who faced him on eleven pitched balls. He retired the first two that faced him in the third on strikes making five straight strike outs. The third batter in the third inning was retired on an infield play.

The claims of Denison to the baseball championship are well founded, and are not to be disputed with any firmness. They have beaten every team except Ohio State, and have lost only one game, while the State University has lost two games. The record stands at present:

Won	Lost	Percent
Ohio State	5	2 .714
Denison	5	1 .833

These records were made by each playing teams that the other has also met, and there can be no doubt as to the genuineness of Denison's championship claim.

It is also almost a moral certainty that the Granville collegians would easily dispose of the Ohio State team if the two teams get together. This they have failed to do, through no fault of Denison, who offered to play a game on neutral grounds in this city, but Ohio State refused. Ohio State has fairly won the championship of the Big Six, of which Denison is not a member but there the claims of the State players must cease. When it is a question of the championship of the state, Denison comes first and Ohio State must take second place in the championship table. Case beat Oberlin Thursday 5 to 2, which clears Denison's title as far as Oberlin is concerned, as the Granville boys have twice defeated the Science team.

The following is the score of Thursday's game:

Ohio Wesleyan	ab	rb	po	a
Smith, ss	.....	2	1	4 3 3
Thomas, c	.....	0	1	4 1 0
VanWicklin, rf	.....	3	0	0 0 0
Apple, lb	.....	4	0	2 10 0
Page, lf	.....	4	0	9 2 0
Danford, 3b	.....	3	1	0 2 3
Reed, 2b	.....	3	1	0 1 2
Blair, cf	.....	4	0	1 0 0
Sunderland, p	.....	3	0	0 1 0
Totals	.....	34	4	24 13 6
Denison	ab	rb	po	a
Scott, 2b	.....	4	2	1 3 2
Roubenush, ss	.....	4	2	1 2 3
Flanagan, lb	.....	4	1	2 6 0
Trego, rf	.....	3	0	0 3 0
Webber, c	.....	4	0	1 11 1
Chambers, cf	.....	3	0	1 2 0
Green, 3b	.....	4	1	1 0 0
Swing, lf	.....	4	0	1 1 0
Philpot, p	.....	4	1	1 1 2
Totals	.....	34	7	27 9 7
Ohio Wesleyan	1	0	0	0 0 0 3-4
Denison	.....	2	0	0 1 3 10 0 7-7

2 base hit, Scott; 3 base hit, Flanagan; struck out Philpot, 11. Sunderland; 2 double play Smith (unassisted) time 1.50, umpire, Kramer.

Lajoie and Bernhard Cleared.

Philadelphia, June 12—Napoleon Lajoie and William Bernhard of the Cleveland American League baseball club, Thursday were purged of contempt of court. The players violated an injunction granted about a year ago restraining them from playing baseball with other than the National League club of Philadelphia. The court said they deserved punishment, but as all parties had come to an agreement he would let them off.

Six hundred men are regularly employed on the new steamship Kaiser Wilhelm.

CLOSE GAME

WON BY VISITORS YESTERDAY AT IDLEWILDE.

Jack Eckstorm will Coach Kenyon Next Fall—The Day's Sports, Local and General.

The Lancaster baseball team came to Newark Thursday, fresh from three straight victories over the strong Chillicothe team, and continued their winning streak by defeating the Idlewild team in a close and exciting game by a score of 3 to 2.

Both teams fielded well, but the batting was very light owing to the good work of the pitchers.

Batteries—Lancaster, Beverly and Schlitz; Newark, Parsons and Ryan. Hits—Lancaster 5; Newark 2. Errors—Lancaster 0, Newark 3.

These same teams play again today and Saturday, while the strong Maroons of Columbus, will be the attraction for Sunday afternoon.

The Maroons have twice defeated the strong Denison University team, and the Idlewild players will do their best to defeat the Columbus team, and prove conclusively that their defeat at the hands of the college players was in the nature of a baseball accident. A good crowd should attend the games Saturday and Sunday, as they will see fast clean baseball from start to finish.

Eckstorm to Coach Kenyon.

Jack Eckstorm, the famous football coach, who was last year with the Ohio Medical team, undoubtedly the strongest team in Ohio, and the predecessor of Perry Hale at Ohio State, has been secured by the athletic management of Kenyon college and will next fall have charge of the Gambier boys, and will undoubtedly turn out a winning team. Eckstorm is easily the premier of Dartmouth coaches, who had charge of Ohio teams last fall, and his going to Kenyon means a great deal to the football interests of that school.

National League.

At Cincinnati:	R H E
Cincinnati	.....0 6 5
New York	.....2 6 1

Batteries, Ewing and Peitz; McGinnity and Bowerman.

At Pittsburgh:	R H E
Pittsburgh	.....9 10 1
Brooklyn	.....0 3 2

Batteries, Philippi and Phelps. Evans and Jacklitsch.

At St. Louis:	R H E
St. Louis	.....6 10 2
Boston	.....5 11 1

Batteries, O'Neil, Rhoads and O'Neil; Pittinger, Malarkov and Moran.

Yesterday's Baseball.

At Philadelphia: R H E Athletics

Cleveland	.....3 6 1
Batteries, Henley and Schreck; Moore and Abbott.	

At Boston:	R H E
Boston	.....2 11 1
St. Louis	.....0 6 0

Batteries, Hughes and Criger; Sudhoff and Kahoe.

At New York:	R H E
New York	.....4 10 2
Detroit	.....3 3 2

Batteries, Tannehill and Beville and O'Connor; Kitson and McGuire.

All College Baseball Team.

Delaware, O., June 12—The organization of an all-college baseball team will be a new feature in athletics in this state. Manager Lloyd of Ohio Wesleyan team has about perfected the team, and games have been booked with the strongest semi-professional teams of the state.

The personnel of the team will include leading players from Ohio State, Ohio Wesleyan, Case, Oberlin, Kenyon, Wooster and Denison.

The season will open in this city with a game between the Collegians and the strong Union team from Columbus. Bookings have been made with Zanesville, Piqua, Urbana, Circleville, Chillicothe and Ironton, and other strong teams in southern Ohio.

Sickles, the Indian Player.

Caleb Sickles, left fielder for the Lancaster team, is a full blooded Indian, and last year played left end and captained the strong Ohio Medical football eleven. He is a baseball player of great ability, as fast as a flash a good fielder and fair hitter.

Sickles did not know of the fact that Eckstorm, the O. M. U. coach, had decided to go to Kenyon next year, and was greatly surprised to hear it from an Advocate reporter to whom Eckstorm announced his intentions. Sickles was not only surprised but greatly disappointed at the news, as he and the rest of the Medics had fully expected Eckstorm to be with the team next fall.

Eckstorm had prepared himself and passed an examination for an interne in one of the Columbus hospitals, and fully expected to return to that city next fall when he last talked with the Indian football captain.

THE SURE WAY.

To prevent Pneumonia and Consumption is to cure your cold when it first appears. Acker's English Remedy will stop the cough in a night, and drive the cold out of your system. Always a quick and sure cure for Asthma, Bronchitis and all throat and lung troubles. If it does not satisfy you the druggist will refund your money. Write to us for free sample. W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by Collins & Son.

Circus Coming.

The W. H. Harris Nickel Plate show arrived in this city this morning from York, where it appeared to big audiences on Thursday, and is showing at McGrann's park this afternoon and evening. A street parade was given at 10 30 o'clock and it was a very suitable turnout for a popular priced circus. A chariot drawn by six Siberian camels, an elephant and bagpipe players were features of the parade.

Over fifty horses appeared in the demonstration. The circus is one of the old-fashioned kind the performance being given in one ring, and is pronounced everywhere the best of the smaller shows or the road. The attractions are all first class and the performance is pleasing and clean throughout. The tent has a seating capacity of 3,000, and everything about the show has the appearance of a big circus.—Lancaster, Pa., Daily Examiner, May 31.

Harris' show comes to Newark on Tuesday, June 16.

"I have been troubled for some time with indigestion and sour stomach," says Mrs. Sahah W. Curtis of Lee, Mass., "and have been taking Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets which have helped me very much so that now I can eat many things that before I could not." If you have any trouble with your stomach why not take these tablets and get well? For sale by all druggists. mwf

FOR SALE AT A BARGAIN

If sold before Saturday. Five lots on Columbia street, one of them corner of 13th, and seven to ten lots with good six room house on 13th street, between Columbia and Granville. A splendid opportunity, but must be sold this week. Melville Gillett, Fleek & Zartman Building. 6-10-3t

NOTICE.

On and after Sunday June 14, 1903, the price of our "Special Sunday Dinner" will be 35 cents. We are compelled to do this owing to the advanced prices of poultry, meats and provisions. All other regular meals remain at the same price as heretofore, 25 cts. ddt-sw1 KUSTER & CO.

CHURCH PICNIC.

The First M. E. church and Sunday school will give its annual picnic at Buckeye Lake Tuesday June 16. Car leaves the church at 9:05 a. m. Tickets on sale at the Racket store, corner of Main and Fourth streets, and are good on any regular cars. Price 25 cents. 612-3t

Thirteen new theatres to cost \$3,000,000 are building in New York city.

MORPHINE

Was Administered to Her by Her Husband, According to Mrs. Hazelwood's Complaint.

Louisville, Ky., June 12—Mrs. Pearl Hazelwood has filed suit for divorce from Dr. John Hazelwood, a New Albany physician. The petition states that during the bridal trip the defendant "was guilty of outrageous treatment, and failed to show any kindness or consideration."

The plaintiff also alleges that during the summer of 1901 she was ill and needed medical attention, and that the defendant refused to allow any other physician to prescribe for her. She alleges that he gave her numerous injections of morphine with such frequency that "the sole aim appeared to be to injure her health or make her a morphine fiend."

She also alleges that Dr. Hazelwood struck her with his fist, brandished a pistol and threatened to shoot her.

Mrs. Hazelwood is the daughter of J. F. Meder, a wealthy builder of this city.

Idlewild Park

There will be a big matinee at Idlewild Park casino Saturday afternoon, of the present excellent bill, and the prices are only ten cents to all parts of the house for adults and five cents for children. These prices will be maintained all the season for Wednesday and Saturday matinees though the Sunday matinee will remain the same as evening performances.

Seats on sale at Wiles-Erman's. The new opera chairs for Idlewild Park arrived yesterday, and are being set up so all will be in readiness for the Sunday shows. Another great bill is promised.

The merry-go-round for Idlewild Park is at the depot. It is a brand new one direct from the factory and a beauty. It will be ready to delight the hearts of the children by Sunday afternoon.

EAST NEWARK

Mrs. Nancy Acord of Frazeysburg, is visiting her daughter, Mrs. W. M. Smith of East Main street.

Mrs. Arthur Donaldson of East Main street, is visiting friends near Hunt Station.

Mrs. and Mrs. W. C. Dorkins, of Clark county are visiting friends.

Miss Grace Lady of Dover is the charming guest of Miss Nellie Pohnson.

Chas. Denny of Mansfield is visiting his parents Mr. and Mrs. I. Denny, of Eastern avenue.

Mrs. C. H. Weiant of East Main street received a telegram from Jersey Shore, Pa., stating that a nephew had died, a sister's boy. The sister, Mrs. E. E. Staples had made arrangements to visit at Newark this week, when her child was taken sick.

Mr. and Mrs. S. Duncan of Toledo are visiting friends here.

FLAG DAY.

On June 14, 1777, the continental congress, then sitting at Philadelphia, adopted that blessed symbol of freedom, the Stars and Stripes.

Sunday will be the anniversary of that day, and should be celebrated in thought or act by every citizen of the United States. The day is now extensively observed in many cities in the land, and our city should not be behind any other in respect to patriotism. Patriotism is of no time or people. The banner of the greatest nation of the world deserves respect from those who are alien to its rule and love and reverence from those who live under it. It is well to keep the love of the flag fresh in the minds and hearts of the people, and more particularly the young.

Let them be taught the history of our banner. Let them learn to honor it and to uphold it wherever their lot may be cast, for on the patriotism of children depends the safety of that flag in the future. Every man in the city can afford to buy a small flag for that day. The size, or cost of the flag does not necessarily indicate the degree of patriotism of the owner, but the outward sign should be the index to the soul in such matters.

"Let us, then, twine each thread of the glorious tissue of our country's flag about our heartstrings, and, looking upon our homes and catching the spirit that breathes upon us from the battlefields of our fathers, let us resolve, come weal or woe, we will, in life and in death, now and forever, stand by the Stars and Stripes." DIRK.

CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFERS

NATURE'S CURE FOR ALL BOWEL TROUBLES

A Natural Dissolvent

From Nature's Laboratory :

Recommended by Physicians for all Liver, Stomach and Kidney Disorders and their symptoms such as Biliousness, Torpid Liver, Nausea, Sour Stomach, Constipation, Indigestion, Nervous Dyspepsia, Dizziness, Flatulency, Loss of Flesh, Sleeplessness, Depression of Spirits, and Infantile Constipation.

A Liver Tonic from Nature's Laboratory

CONSTIPATION PERMANENTLY CURED

YOU CAN EAT WHAT YOU PLEASE if you follow each meal with a CALIFORNIA PRUNE WAFER, which quickly dissolves the most indigestible food, and helps to carry it through and out of the system in a gentle and healthful manner, without the slightest pain, griping or nausea.

100 WAFERS. 25 CENTS

Sold by E. T. Johnson, A. R. Crayton and C. T. Bricker.

The only GERMICIDE Vetter Dyspepsia Remedy At all drug-gists 50c and \$1 on the Market KILLS THE GERMS that destroy DIGESTION Guaranteed. THE VETTER DYSPEPSIA REMEDY COMPANY, Cleveland, Ohio.

Reason Why!

A constantly increasing number of satisfied customers is the best evidence of the merit of our shoes. Are you of that number? We want to call especial attention to our line of low shoes that we are showing for Men and Women this season. They are full of style, contains the best workmanship, and none but the best material throughout. In all leathers that shoes can be made from. Prices the lowest in the city.

The Sample

9 South Third St. H. Beckman, Prop.

YOU CAN GET THE

Correct Styles in

Oxfords and Slippers at

Maybold's One-Price House

3 North Third Street.

?? Need Some Stationery ??

There is no need of depriving yourself of wide choice in the matter of stationery, or of paying too much for it. We have an uncommon line of stationery, and of everything that goes with it. Our stock of papers is constantly supplemented by the latest styles and designs as fast as they come out.

Box and bulk papers, all sizes and shapes. Tablets, Inks, Musculage, Pens, Pencils, Erasers, etc.

R. W. SMITH.

Prescription Druggist, South east corner Square, opposite, the post office. Both Phones.

One visit to our soda fountain will make you a steady customer. Try it once.

Scott Bros.

Furniture.

Buy of the maker. All the upholstered goods we show are of our own make. The above cut is one of our most popular selling couches, made either in leather, pantsote or fine two tone verona. Special attention given to the making of pieces to order. Couches, Davenport and Cozy Corners made to fit any space.

SCOTT BROS., 39 S. Third Street.

WALDO TAYLOR,

Attorney and Counselor-at-Law.

Newark, Ohio.

Will practice in County, State and Federal Courts, and give prompt attention to all business entrusted to his care. Special attention given to business of Executors, Administrators, Guardians and Assignments and Partitions of Real Estate. Also other Real Estate Office, North E. Public Square.

CHRONIC SORES

Signs of Polluted Blood.

There is nothing so repulsive looking and disgusting as an old sore. You worry over it till the brain grows weary and work with it until the patience is exhausted, and the very sight of the old festering, sickly looking place makes you irritable, despondent and desperate.

A chronic sore is the very best evidence that your blood is in an unhealthy and impoverished condition, that your constitution is breaking down under the effects of some serious disorder. The taking of strong medicines, like mercury or potash, will sometimes so pollute and vitiate the blood and impair the general system that the merest scratch or bruise results in obstinate non-healing sores of the most offensive character.

Often an inherited taint breaks out in frightful eating sores upon the limbs or face in old age or middle life. Whenever a sore refuses to heal the blood is always at fault, and, while antiseptic washes, salves, soaps and powders can do much to keep down the inflammation and cleanse the sore, it will never heal permanently till the blood itself has been purified and the deadly germs and poisons destroyed, and with S. S. S. this can be accomplished—the polluted blood is purified and invigorated, and when rich, pure blood is again circulating freely throughout the body the flesh around the old sore begins to take on a natural color, the discharge of matter ceases and the place heals over.

S. S. S. is both a blood purifier and tonic that puts your blood in order and at the same time tones up the system and builds up the general health. If you have a chronic sore write us. No charge for medical advice.

THE SWIFT SPECIFIC CO., ATLANTA, GA.



FOR SALE

6 room house, west end, \$1200. Only \$200 cash, balance on monthly payments.

A new 6 room house west end, just finished.

A fine corner lot with shade and fruit and a 5 room house at the corner Eddy and Hoover streets.

A new 6 room house with reception hall and bath room. Hardwood finish. Lot 50x280. Price is right. Newark Real Estate & Improvement company, 14 North Park place. Both phones. 6-10-12

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

Of The Peoples National Bank, at Newark, in the State of Ohio, at the close of business, June 9, 1903.

RESOURCES.	
Loans and Discounts	\$174,386 07
Overdrafts secured and unsecured	4 302 05
U. S. Bonds to secure circulation	50 000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits	60 00
Stocks, securities, etc.	21 600 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures	2 500 00
Due from National Banks (not reserve assets)	30 302 14
Due from State Banks and Bankers	2 434 83
Due from approved reserve agents	98 715 09
Internal revenue stamps, checks and other cash items	7 621 11
Notes of other National Banks	5 635 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	238 12
Lawful money reserved in bank, viz: Special	22 050 00
Legal tender notes	48 150 00
Redemption fund with U. S. Treasurer (5 per cent. of circulation)	2 500 00
Total	\$771 051 59

LIABILITIES.	
Capital stock paid in	150 000 00
Surplus fund	\$60 000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid	16 271 81
National Bank notes outstanding	50 000 00
Due to other Nat. Banks	11 569 42
Due to State Banks and Bankers	4 037 25
Individual deposits subject to check	304 887 82
Demand certificates of deposit	138 315 29
Total	\$771 051 59

State of Ohio, County of Cuyahoga, ss:
I, J. M. Mayhew, Cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.
J. M. MAYHEW, Cashier.
Subscribed and sworn to before me this 12th day of June, 1903.
HARRY SCOTT, Notary Public.

Correct Attest: W. W. WHEATLE, Directors.
E. M. BAUGHNER.

NOTICE TO CONTRACTORS.

Sealed proposals will be received by the Board of Education of the School District of the city of Newark, Ohio, until 12 o'clock noon on the 6th day of July, 1903, for the construction of a four-room school house on the lot owned by said board on Case avenue in said city, according to the plans and specifications on file in the office of said Board of Education in Auditorium building of said city; said plans and specifications may also be seen at the law office of D. M. Keller, over the Franklin bank.

Said bids must be duly sealed up and shall be filed with the clerk of said Board on or before the time above mentioned, with the words "School House Bid" indorsed on back of envelope.

Each bid shall contain the name of every person interested in the same, and shall be accompanied by a sufficient guarantee of some disinterested person that if the bid be accepted the contract will be entered into and the performance of it properly secured. Said guarantee shall be in the form of a bond for not less than one hundred dollars, payable to said Board, in case of default.

The bids for labor and material in the work bid for, must be separately stated in the bid, with the price thereof. Said Board reserves the right to reject any or all bids.

S. W. HAIGHT, Clerk.

JOSEPH RENZ

NOTARY PUBLIC-RE-ESTATE AND INSURANCE.
Office Newark Savings Bank.
Deeds and mortgages written. All business entrusted to me will be promptly and carefully attended to.

JOHN DAVID JONES,

Attorney at Law.

No. 14 Lansing House Block, Newark.
Practices in all the Courts, both State and National. Prompt attention given to wills, conveyancing and Administrations and all litigation.

SAMUEL M. HUNTER,

Attorney and Counsellor at Law.

Office over Horsey & Edmonson's Book Store, south of Doty House.
Will practice in all the Courts, both State and National. Special attention given to collections, correspondence and the business of real estate administration and guardianship.

E. M. P. BRISTER

ATTORNEY AT LAW-NEWARK.
Office in room formerly occupied by Joel W. Drenth, northwest corner West Main and Third streets.
Will practice in all the courts. Special attention given to the settlement of estates.

NEWS IN BRIEF.

A Fine Boy.
A 12 pound son to Mr. and Mrs. Jerry Callahan of St. Clair Street.

A. O. H. Meeting.
There will be a meeting of the A. O. H. at 7:30 o'clock tonight.

Meeting Tonight.
Painters, paperhangers and decorators Local No. 365 will meet this evening at 7 o'clock.

Masonic Meeting.
There will be a meeting of Newark Lodge, No. 97, F. & A. M. this evening for work in the degrees.

Too Much Rain.
The Lancaster-Idlewild ball game scheduled for this afternoon was called off on account of the rain.

Ice Cream Social.
An ice cream social will be held at Miles Chapel Saturday night June 13 for the benefit of the church.

Pay Car Here.
Pan Handle pay car arrived today to pay the Newark employees. The car is here earlier than usual this month.

Austin-Malone Wedding.
Invitations were received today to the wedding of Kate Coffey Mayhew to Robert Oliver Austin, which is to take place Thursday, June 25.

Dick Athey Arrested.
Pan Handle Detective Lawrence arrested Dick Athey, on the pilot of a Pan Handle passenger train and took him to Dennison where he was placed in jail.

Neighbors Give Warning.
An Advocate reader desires announcement made that if a certain man in the East End does not stop abusing his wife, who is a respectable, hardworking woman, the neighbors will take a hand in the case and put a stop to it.

Dog Badly Injured.
A large dog, which had been a favorite with the soldiers, who are in camp, on the state camp grounds, was run over Thursday by a heavy wagon and, injured so badly that Corporal Holbrook put him out of his misery by shooting him.

Maccabees Memorial.
All members of the L. O. T. M. & K. O. T. M. and visiting Maccabees are requested to meet at the Ankele building at 1:30 p. m. Sunday, May 14, for the observance of Maccabees memorial day. Each member is requested to bring some flowers. Committee.

Children's Day Exercises.
Children's Day will be observed by the Sunday school of the Plymouth Congregational church next Sunday evening. The exercises will take place at 7 o'clock in the evening. An excellent program has been arranged and the public is invited.

Garden Fete Postponed.
Owing to other attractions in town on Tuesday, the garden fete given by the choir of Trinity church, on the Rectory lawn has been postponed to Wednesday. The party will open at 3 p. m. Admission for children 5 cents. There will be besides ice cream, cake, strawberries, candy. Other attractions including fish ponds and lemonade well, presided over by fisher maidens in Namadic costume.

Married in Chicago.
Mr. M. J. Boner was married to Miss Clara Westington at the bride's home in Chicago Wednesday evening. The groom is the youngest son of Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Boner, residing south of Newark, and has been in Chicago for about three years. He has many friends in Newark who will join in wishing Mr. and Mrs. Boner a long and prosperous journey through life.

Bicycle Theft Charged.
Jasper Smith, colored, was arrested last night for bicycle theft, by Lieutenant Sutton. Smith was attempting to sell a wheel to D. T. Cole, the second hand man, and the officer's suspicions were aroused that all was not right, so he locked Smith up to await developments. Afterward H. Merritt a member of Co. G, reported that his bicycle, which he had left on the side walk in front of the armory, had been stolen, and identified the wheel that Smith had tried to sell as belonging to him.

Red Men's Meeting.
Every member of Minnewa Tribe, No. 52, Red Men, of this city, is requested to be present at the meeting to be held this evening, as there is much business of importance to be transacted and final arrangements will be made to entertain the Columbian Tribes. Col. A. M. Innis will be in Newark Saturday evening and Company No. 12 will give an exhibition drill, after which the Haymakers' de-

Heisey & Co.

WANT BOYS

Short Hours, Big Pay.

Will pay boys' street car fare from West and North Ends.

gree will be conferred on several candidates. There will be a procession on Saturday evening around the Public square, which will be led by the Deerfoot Band. The procession which starts at 7 o'clock, will be one of the best and most comical parades ever seen on the streets of Newark.

Is it a burn? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. A cut? Use Dr. Thomas' Electric Oil. At your druggists.

ABOUT PEOPLE

John E. Dean is in Canton today.
F. E. Legori is in New Philadelphia.
O. Ransom of Mt. Vernon is in the city.

D. D. Horn of Chatham was in Newark Friday.

Mr. and Mrs. J. J. Carroll spent the day in Columbus.

Mr. James Cooney, Sr., went to Columbus this morning.

Oscar Farrell of Black Hand was in Newark Thursday.

Edward Schaeferhofen of Pittsburg is visiting friends in the city.

Louis B. Maurath of Chicago is visiting his mother, Mrs. Bernard Maurath.

Miss Florence Thomas and Dora Thornton of Columbus, are in the city today.

P. J. Fairall, foreman at the E. H. Everitt glass works went to Coshocton today.

Misses Susie Rovell and May Jones of the North End, went to Sandusky today.

Mr. and Mrs. E. H. Everett and two children left last night on Pan Handle No. 20 for New York.

Walter Dickinson, night foreman at the E. H. Everett glass works, is spending the day in Columbus.

Mr. Edward Worley who has been visiting friends in the city, left Thursday for his home in New York City.

Mrs. Rachel Mayhew of Wellsville, O., is visiting her son, Mr. James M. Mayhew and family on West Church street.

Mrs. Frank Link is seriously ill with lung trouble at the residence of her mother, Mrs. P. Smith, 127 South Fifth street.

The friends of Mrs. Eliza Harvey who has been quite sick at her home on Elm street, will be pleased to learn that she is rapidly improving.

Samuel Harris of Eagle Mills, Vinton county is here on business today.

Robert Elliott and George Wilson of Zanesville, are in the city today.

Mr. and Mrs. J. N. Mason and little daughter, Mary, who have been visiting friends and relatives in the city for some days, returned home this morning.

Mr. E. H. Everett and family left for New York on Thursday night, where they will meet their daughter, Miss Amy, who will arrive in New York on Sunday after a year's study in Italy.

Rev. J. C. Schindel, pastor of St. Paul's church will return from Baltimore, Md., tomorrow night, where he has been attending, as a delegate from Miami synod, the general synod of the Evangelical Lutheran church.

Hon. J. B. Dollison, editor of the Ohio Democrat at Logan, O., has been visiting his brother-in-law, and sister, Rev. and Mrs. Hickman and attending the commencement at Granville. He will leave for Fairmount, W. Va., where he will visit another sister.

Prof. R. S. Colwell and two daughters, the Misses Elizabeth and Rachel Colwell, of Granville, were in Newark Thursday. In the evening they left for New York, where they will sail Saturday for Europe on the steamer Zealand and will spend the summer in Belgium, Holland and Switzerland.

Hood's Pills

Do not gripe nor irritate the alimentary canal. They act gently yet promptly, cleanse effectually and

Give Comfort

Sold by all druggists, 25 cents.

THE COURTS.

WOOL CASE ON TRIAL TODAY IN COMMON PLEAS.

Verdict for Defense in the Chilcote-Ickes Suit—Real Estate Transfers—Court Notes.

The trial of the case of D. L. Van Fossen and J. W. Lake vs. Lee Tippet was resumed to the court and jury this morning. The case went to the jury late this afternoon. Plaintiff asks damages arising from the sale of a quantity of wool, which it is claimed was not as represented. Leamon, Fitzgibbon; Hunter.

Citizen's Building & Loan association vs. Chas. W. Linn et al, leave given to answer in ten days. Fulton & Fulton; Hilliard.

B. E. Schaub vs. H. C. Longwell, administrator, continued; J. B. Jones; Swartz.

Jacob R. Davies admr. vs. Wm. H. Litten et al a petition to construe the will of Daniel W. Litten who died seized of certain real estate in this county. Will construed by the court Davies.

Thomas Prior vs. Katherine Pryor; alimony pendente lite and expenses allowed in the sum of \$50 to defendant. Smythe & Smythe; Flory & Flory.

C. B. L. & N. T. Co. vs. Frank Mallin et al, an action brought to enjoin the defendant from using a dock at Buckeye Lake for taking on and landing passengers for hire on defendant's launch. Preliminary order of injunction suspended until hearing of motion to dissolve. Fitzgibbon; Flory & Flory.

Iva G. Varner vs. Leora A. Howell et al for hearing on a motion to grant a restraining order, set for a week from tomorrow; an action to quiet title to real estate. Defendant restrained from taking possession until case can be heard. Davies; Swartz.

Hattie Snelling vs. Edward S. Snelling et al, for hearing on a petition for alimony a week from tomorrow. J. B. Jones.

Randolph Wuritzer Co. vs. G. P. Sprague, continued; Fulton & Fulton; Hunter.

In the case of J. A. Chilcote vs. J. M. Ickes, the jury returned a verdict in favor of Mr. Ickes. Chilcote brought an action against Ickes on a promissory note for \$300. The defense was that certain stock in the Newark Publishing company, which was placed in the hands of Chilcote as collateral security, had been afterwards taken by Chilcote in payment of the note. Stasel; James, Flory & Flory.

Marriage Licenses.

Wm. Lord Lewis and Eleanor Maude Ingman.

Thomas John Ferry and Goldie Isabel Wolverton.

Delbert Lawrence Downing and Jennie Alice Moyer.

Real Estate Transfers.

Thomas J. Davis and wife to Benjamin S. Holland, real estate in Newark, \$1500.

Richard B. Boers and Margaret E. Ross to Moses L. Core and Lewis A. Core, three parcels of land in Harrison township, \$10,531.

John R. Alsford to Robert B. Alsford and Wm. H. Alsford, lots 129, 130, 143 and 145 in Knowlton & Alsford's first addition to the village of Utica, \$900.

Robert B. John R. and Wm. A. Alsford and their wives to Levi Knowlton real estate in Washington township, \$3,700.

Levi Knowlton and wife to R. B. Alsford and others, real estate in Washington township, \$3,700.

Chamberlain's Stomach and Liver Tablets are just what you need when you have no appetite, feel dull after eating and wake up with a bad taste in your mouth. They will improve your appetite, cleanse and invigorate your stomach and give you a relish for your food. For sale by all druggists. mwf

Mrs. C. F. Boers, of Brooklyn, N. Y., has arrived here to join her husband, who is electrician for the subway system of railways in that city. Mrs. Boers has been here for some time inspecting the cars turned out by the Jewett Car company.

Three spectres that threaten baby's life. Cholera infantum, dysentery, diarrhea. Dr. Fowler's Extract of Wild Strawberry never fails to conquer them.

An elephant's jaw has been unearthed in Hallett Canyon, Wyoming.

Everybody's liable to itching piles. Rich and poor, old and young—terrible the torture they suffer. Only one sure cure; Doan's Ointment. Absolutely safe; can't fail.

HURBAUGH STORAGE.

Most complete and safe facilities for care of furniture and merchandise. All kinds of moving, storage and packing. Hurbaugh Transfer and Storage Co. Office and barns 54 to 58 South Third street. Both phones.

MONEY.

Cheapest Money in the city to loan on real estate. Get your plans and figures before borrowing. We can save you money. Centerburg Building & Loan Co., 35 1-2 South Side Square.

The Newark Business College.

Bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, English, day and evening. Learning block.

For cool beer and fine lunch call on John A. Prior, 30 South Second street, four doors south of postoffice. 6-11-31

For sale or exchange, a farm of 100 acres, 4 1-2 miles east of Newark. Rees R. Jones. 5-26-dj2t

Fresh meat and groceries. Barbee & Evans, 291 East Main street. 22-12t

BREVITIES

Should use Great Seal Prune Laxative.

Smith & Nixon Pianos at Rawling's.

First class dentistry. Read Barlick's card.

Mackenzie, Watchmaker, 28 West Church street.

Give WHITE SWAN flour a trial. New phone 229. 10-15-tf

Try WHITE SWAN flour. Made at R. C. Bigbee's new up-to-date Sifter System mill. New phone 228. 10-15-tf

TODAY'S MARKETS.

(Advocate Telegram.)
Chicago, June 12—Today's closing:
July wheat 75 3-8; corn 48 1-2; oats 38; pork \$17.15.

Chicago Live Stock.
Chicago, June 12—Cattle 14,000, weak to 10c lower; hogs 22,000 steady; sheep, 6000 strong.

East Liberty Live Stock.
East Liberty, June 12—Today's cattle, light, steady; sheep, fair, steady; hogs, light, active.

RECEIPTS AND SHIPMENTS.

Chicago, June 11—Receipts: Flour 15,200 bbls; wheat 28,000 bush; corn 327,500; oats 202,800; rye 1900; barley 52,200. Shipments: Flour 11,200 bbls; wheat 2900 bush; corn 442,400; oats 107,800; barley 3500.

CHICAGO BUTTER AND EGGS.

Chicago, June 11—On the produce exchange today the butter market was weak; creameries 10@21 1-2c; dairies 15 1-2@18 1-2c. Eggs steady, at mark, cases included, 13 3-4@11 1-4c. Cheese steady at 10 1-2@11c.

TOLEDO.

June 11—Wheat dull; cash 76 1-4c; July 75 7-8c; September 74 3-4c. Corn: July 48c; September 47 1-4c. Oats: July 37c; September 33c. Rye: cash 54 1-2c; Clover: October \$5.65.

Aunt Dinah's Old Virginia HERB TEA

Brings Relief to Suffering Women

Most Pleasant to take. Immediately Effective.

Cures Indigestion, Sick Headache, Constipation, Nervousness, Sleeplessness, Female Weakness, Disordered Menstruation.

Clears the Complexion. Improves the Form.

25 CENTS PER PACKAGE. For Sale by Drug Stores.

A. F. Crayton, F. D. Hall, E. T. Johnson's Drug Stores.

Hamlin's Wizard Oil The Best Household Remedy. 50 Cents at all Druggists.

C. L. STURGEON

will give the Old Reliable Sperry & Hutchinson Green Trading Stamps on all cash purchases.

\$3.50 Shoes

Some day you'll want to try the BEST \$3.50 SHOE MADE. That day you will put your feet into comfort, economy and style combined in the celebrated UNCLE SAM \$3.50 shoe for both men and women. We were determined to have the

Best \$3.50 Shoe on Earth

And we Believe we Have Got it in The Uncle Sam Shoe.

We have them for both men and women. They are made of such good leathers as Valour Calf Vici and Ideal Kid and Patent Calf. We guarantee every pair we sell. If the upper breaks before the sole wears through we give a new pair free.

No Risk on Your Part, See?

All Sizes and Widths. The New Spring Styles are Ready.

Carl & Seymour

South Side Shoe Hustlers.



Sold by S. E. Forsythe.

ADVOCATE WANTS

3 Lines 3 Times 25 Cents

MISCELLANEOUS WANTS.

Wanted—A furnished room in private family. Address A. E. Wilde, general delivery, city. 6-11-31

Wanted—Girl for housework. No washing. Good wages. Also young girl to help take care of children. Mrs. E. J. Koos, 475 Hudson avenue. 6-12-31

Wanted—Laboring men; apply at the foundry. The Jas. E. Thomas Co. 6-11-31

Wanted—A good young man and a good girl, white or colored, to work in the shop. Apply at once at 57 North Third street. 6-11-31

Wanted—Experienced second cook, good wages; also a boy to wait table during dinner and supper for his board. Apply at Turner's Restaurant, 24 North Park. 6-11-31

Wanted—The people of Newark to know that Chas. J. Graef, does not charge any more for his cab than any other hackman in the City. 6-9-31

Wanted—Good girl for general housework. Apply at 109 East Church st. 6-10-31

Health, wealth and happiness by consulting the most reliable palmist and clairvoyant that has ever been in Newark. Others come and go, but Zula still remains. Don't fail to consult her. 58 South Third street next door to Hurbaugh's transfer barn. 6-11-31

SANITARY VAULT AND CESS-pool cleaning; satisfaction guaranteed, prices reasonable. H. G. McGrath, No. 45 South Sixth street. New phone 337. 6-11-31

Men, not under 25 years, to call on old and new customers. No delivering. Position permanent to the right party. Pay weekly. Glenn Brothers, Rochester, N. Y. 5-8-t, t, s, 18t

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DEMOCRATIC COUNTY TICKET

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Clerk of Courts.
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THE TICKET.

We again invite careful and candid inspection of the Democratic county ticket. It is a ticket composed of honest, reputable men—men who stand as well in their respective communities as any men in this county; men who have the requisite knowledge and ability to perform the duties of their respective offices to the best advantage of the public. Is there any reason why we should not elect the ticket that we have nominated and elect it by a good old time majority?

Fellow Democrats, the political struggle this fall in Ohio between the Democratic and Republican parties is the preliminary skirmish for the great National political battle of 1904. We want to get in line and close together. Close up all breaches, if any have existed heretofore, and present a solid front to the enemy. Thus, and thus only, can we hope to redeem Ohio this fall, and put her in line for a glorious National victory next year, when we will drive the party of trusts, imperialism and anti-Americanism from power.

Licking county is one of the best governed and most prosperous counties in the State of Ohio. It is one of the counties that has the lowest rate of taxation in the State. It has been remarkably free from public and political scandals of any and every kind. It is a Democratic county and under Democratic rule. This fact accounts for the above favorable conditions of affairs. Is there any good reason why the voters and taxpayers of the county should wish to change that record and that favorable and prosperous condition of public affairs merely to gratify the selfish desires of Republican politicians to break into the Court House?

NERVOUS HEADACHE BREEDS INSANITY.

Many a person's whole pleasure in life is ruined by the fear of nervous headaches. Any little excitement, no matter what, business or social, brings them on. The feet and hands grow cold, the head is hot, the eyes stiff, the temples throb, and only in the quiet of a darkened room is relief obtained. This condition must be checked or it means complete mental ruin. To those people Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills come as a blessing. They do not stop, they cure the headaches. They do not blanket, they build up. They put the nervous system in a strong, vigorous, sturdy condition—a condition that gives one resistive power and enables them to again enjoy life's pleasures.

Mrs. B. Bollwine of the Travelers Hotel, Corner Second and Canal Sts., Newark, Ohio, says:—

"Dr. A. W. Chase's Nerve Pills are what they claim to be, a good nerve tonic. I was induced to use them as a cure for nervousness, restlessness, nervous sick headaches and depression. The box I got at Bricker's City Drug Store worked well in each instance and cured the trouble. I feel well and right again and can recommend them highly as thoroughly reliable." 50 cents a box at dealers or Dr. A. W. Chase Medicine Co., Buffalo, N. Y. See that portrait and signature of A. W. Chase, M. D. are on every package. 2609

The railways of the United States kill and injure each year more persons than were killed and injured on both sides during the Boer war, which lasted three years.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

(Continued from Page Five.)

for no player, however brilliant, can make up in his individual work for a lack of perfect understanding with his team.

But polo is not the only sport that provides exercise for every muscle, for Ski Running—a game that requires mountains and plenty of snow—has recently been introduced into America. The ski is fashioned from a tough piece of wood generally ash, and is about ten feet long, having either one or three straps. A requisite to safe running is the pole, a long, stout stick, usually of hickory, having a knob at the lower end and a leather washer a few inches higher up. On level ground great speed can be attained, and even in climbing hills, a pace faster than a walk is possible. But it is when a hill or a long slope stretches down before one that the real pleasures of Ski Running are experienced. On a run a leader is chosen whose duty it is to select the most difficult places, much as in the boyish game of "follow your leader." The most dangerous part of the run is the "jump." On the steepest slopes embankments of logs are constructed so as to form ridges, with a steep descent below. A runner starting from the crest strikes the level top of one of these ridges and is sent whirling through the air.

Although most of these sports cannot be enjoyed by the athletic girl yet there are many in which she can participate freely because no longer is she regarded with horror by people of refinement. Boards of education require that the newer school buildings shall be properly equipped with gymnasiums and the young woman who wins a championship in rowing, swimming, track events, or basket ball, is a lionized creature who tastes for once the sweets of the cup of adulation.

At Wellesley, where the distinctive sport is rowing, Float Day is the banner festival of the year, yet no girl is allowed to row upon the crews who is not able to swim. Bryn Mawr's basket ball is famous wherever college women are gathered together while Vassar's tennis vies with her basket ball in the hearts of her students. At Smith, in addition to all sorts of outdoor sports, rowing is engaged in with zest during the winter months. At Mt. Holyoke, a rink polo club is a feature of winter life and Vassar's ice carnival is as famous as Wellesley's aquatic festival.

The society woman no longer roams rovels the whole day long, for she has taken up fencing—not as a mere fad, however—for it has been discovered to give a lightness of step, a grace of movement, and a poise and ease of bearing, that is otherwise difficult to obtain. But whatever fencing may be to the woman of the future, giving her added strength and grace, it cannot make a man of her—a thing which the young men of today seem to be fearing. One of these young men who has always considered athletic girlishness was recently forced to change his opinion. One evening as he was walking rapidly towards home, he heard a cry of terror, and looking up, saw a runaway horse bearing directly down upon a little child about six years old. He stood rooted to the spot, for a glance showed him it was his favorite niece, who had started across the street to meet him. But a young girl whom he had never admired because she was athletic, had seen the child also, and with a quickness of movement and strength of arm acquired in the gymnasium, she made a dash for her and quickly placed her out of all danger.

In that brief moment of anxiety the young man's prejudices had been wholly removed and with sincerity and earnestness he expressed his gratitude for the brave deed.

It is not athletics that has caused the downfall of so many nations of the world, but rather their neglect. Were not the Romans a strong nation while they kept up their athletic contests? It was when they gave themselves up to luxurious living and neglected the arena and the gymnasiums that the government gradually fell into decay and they were completely overcome by the enemy.

The Duke of Wellington once said: "The football fields of Eton are the strength of our government." Why was this true? If the young men of today leave college with strong constitutions as well as trained minds, the nation will reap the benefit of it, for strong men make a strong nation. But if they graduate with impaired health and weak bodies, the nation will suffer, for these young men are to be the leaders of the future.

Then let athletics, with proper restrictions, be encouraged and supported in our schools and colleges in order that our nation may be strong and prosperous in the centuries to come as it has been in the past.

MYRTLE MILLER.

Next in order was Miss Myrtle Miller whose production "Custom" is well worth reading:

It must have been from an intimate knowledge of human nature that Crabb evolved the expression:

"Man yields to Custom as he bows to Fate
Ruled in all things, mind, body and estate."

Whether or not Darwin read aright the past history of the human race, we must all admit that man possesses, to a marked degree, the monkey's trait of imitation.

As far back in the dark and obscure past as we can trace their history, men

have leaned upon each other, and have copied one another's actions until permanent customs have been established. It is easy to see why this has been true—for has not man learned from man? Do not our thoughts, as we grow to manhood and womanhood, tend to run along the same general lines that they have followed from early childhood?

Dr. De Motte, who lectured in our city this last winter showed how each idea lays or strengthens the foundation for other thoughts of like nature. When the mind has been developed in a certain direction from infancy it is almost an utter impossibility to change that mind in later life. Each person has his own individuality and this is developed in childhood. And who mould our characters and form our earliest opinions? Who but our parents and our associates?

We may develop our minds and have broader views than our ancestors had but the fundamental principles of thought remain practically unchanged. Is it any wonder then that it has taken generations to destroy some of the curious beliefs and traditions which originated in earliest times?

We wonder that with the high degree of civilization attained by the Egyptians, the Greeks, and the Romans, they should blindly believe things with no basis of reason and reverence many things unworthy of even the slightest consideration.

The Egyptian who rushed from his burning home with the sacred cat, clasped to his breast could by no means forego the time when a man's first thought would be for wife and child, and Custom would sanction the delivery of the cat to a watery grave.

The young man of the same nation taught to gaze in rapt veneration at the sacred crocodile, as it reposed in the temple, anointed with costly perfumes and glittering with rare jewels, could not rise to the level of common sense and recommend that the loathsome reptile be consigned to its native mud. It would be sacrilege to disregard the worship of the animals his ancestors had honored. And, although we know from experience how dear our own religion is to us, we can but slightly understand how a person bound to his creed will show such reverence for those senseless creatures and even sacrifice Man to a God that could not be a God of Love.

Thus the ancient Aztec priest saw no cruelty in his act as he lay the palpitating heart from the living body of his victim; and as he held the bloody trophy aloft, the sight caused no discord in the solemn chant raised heavenward. And he thought a just God heard and approved. Such acts as these were practiced not only by the Aztecs but by our own forefathers, and had not the evolution of the brain gradually developed good common sense we might have such a state of affairs today.

Then should we reverence those men, our ancestors? It may seem that they have done us more harm than good, but we must remember that they were unintentionally wrong, and, through the long generations of our forefathers, all these evils have been remedied. Then let us not be so progressive that we shall have no reverence whatever for our ancestors. All nations before us have had. The Romans, especially, demonstrated their respect for them. For instance, in their funeral processions actors were hired to wear masks of all the ancestors of the dead man. These masks were made a short time after the death of a citizen, and put away carefully among the family possessions, to be brought out only in the case of a funeral. The more ancestors a man could have represented in his procession the better was his station; Thus mythical characters, as well as true ones, were often introduced.

Funeral customs many times seem laughable to us. The Greeks used to cut the hair of a corpse and hang it on the front door as we do a piece of crepe.

History is silent as to what they did in the case of a bald man.

But the Modern South Africans dispense with the trouble of hanging out either hair or crepe, for they bury the dead immediately, for the very intelligent reason that they suppose people die because bewitched and hence cannot be buried too soon. Sometimes the grave is dug even before death. Into this the body is thrown, enclosed in no casket whatever. A dead man's property is buried with him and care is taken to put but little earth over him so that he may have an easy time getting up on resurrection day.

Poor ignorant people! How queer they seem to us! But why should we laugh? Probably our ways seem as strange to them. The story goes that once a Chinaman who had visited the United States when describing our customs on his return home, said, "On festive occasions in America the women are compelled to appear half dressed and are dragged around by the men to sounds of barbarous music."

But China cannot sneer at any other nation in the world until she shall have shown that her own ideas have produced a people worthy of mention with any civilized race. Wedded to her ancient customs has she not stood still, allowing the grand procession of the nations that are a little more liberal and less custom-bound to pass her?

The ruler of the state of civilization, the more inexorable is the law which Custom establishes. "What," cries the Chinese mother "Allow my daughter to grow up with the large feet! Nature intended her to have! Never! she would be a disgrace to her ancestors!" And the unfortunate child is compelled to suffer untold agony to have the desired three inch foot.

Just so to the flat head Indian would seem the idea of his son's

head keeping its natural shape and the doting parent sees that it is duly trained to the distinctive tribal form.

The African belle who ornaments herself with rings in her nose and bars through her upper lip is also only a victim of Custom.

We see them every day, those people whom precedent has misled, are we not in that great host ourselves? But at the present, the mind of man is freeing itself from the trammels of Custom, and, although he who strays far from the wonted paths of thought, awakens censure, he does not meet with imprisonment or death, for we are beginning to learn that brains and common sense have always been the guide posts of success. We are able to profit by the mistakes of our ancestors. We know the past history of Egypt, of Greece and of Rome—all powerful nations of much learning and culture but held down by established ideas and a hopeless religion. And we know the present conditions of China, who, on account of her strict adherence to Custom, has made no progress for centuries.

Progress means breaking away from established rules and governing the life by sense, not precedent, by truth, not superstition.

Whether we are progressive or not, it is difficult to realize the extent to which our lives are—perhaps unconsciously—ruled by Custom. Is it not true, "in mind, body, and estate?"

And yet, observance of Custom is not always foolish. Many a seemingly trivial Custom has a sound reason for its existence, and it is well to be wary about breaking over established rules; they should not be destroyed simply because they are Customs, but because after due deliberation they are found to be unwise.

HARVEY ALEXANDER.

"Ohio" was the topic selected by Mr. Harvey Alexander who had this to say of the Buckeye State:

What citizen of this grand American Republic would for a moment doubt that he is living in the greatest nation that was ever instituted among men?

What native of Ohio would for the same time doubt that he is living in the greatest of the great United States?

If there is a native-born child within the boundaries of this great commonwealth of the American nation, who has the ambition to become the leader of men, he has by way of nature fulfilled one great requirement—he was born in Ohio.

Indeed our bogoms should swell with patriotic pride when we think of the fact that we were rocked in the same cradle in which many of the greatest Americans were rocked and we may be assured that it will continue to rock so long as the great Republic of America remains free from grasp of the Death Angel of nations.

In truth, Ohio is the cradle of the modern American spirit; in a century's existence she has nurtured an ample supply of great men who have played prominent parts in the grand American Drama.

Fortunately or unfortunately, Ohio as a state was not yet in existence during those younger years in which the first real crisis occurred in America, but they were among the bravest veterans of the Revolution who first conceived the idea of settling the fertile forest lands lying to the north of the River Beautiful. The worthy followers of George Rogers Clark were also among the settlers, and it is to these men and their undaunted leader that we owe our very existence as free Americans. They were the liberty loving men who won the whole territory of the Northwest for the United States, and if it had not been for their heroic efforts, instead of boasting of our glorious liberty, we might today have been living under the pressure of the British yoke.

These men were indeed examples of the true American. From Bunker Hill to Yorktown they had willingly exposed their lives that they might secure the glorious blessings of liberty for themselves and their posterity. They were men in whom the spirit of patriotism was ever alert, and they caused the same to be handed down to their posterity. When they settled what is now the Mother of States, they brought with them not only material which is necessary for the building of a home, a community, and an empire, but they brought with them the material which is necessary for the building of something mightier than an empire—true characters.

They settled this region because nature many generations before had instinctively shaped it in such a manner that it would well adapted for the coming of civilized man. Thus he came and planted the seed of civilization which grew until it clothed the wilderness and was stopped in its growth only by the waters of the great Pacific.

At the time of Ohio's admission as a state, the average density of population was but a trifle more than one inhabitant to the square mile. In one hundred years it has increased an hundred fold, and the increase will continue so long as that distinct spirit of our worthy progenitors dwells in the heart of man. It is true that in Ohio there seems to be a spirit of patriotism which is distinct from any that prevails elsewhere, and to prove this we have but to turn to the list of Ohio's great men who have left the indelible mark of preeminence in the memory of the nation.

Our state is but a century young, but she has produced such a number of great men, that no state, no nation can boast of a parallel in an equal period of time. An hundred names might be mentioned of great Ohio men and a fitting eulogy pronounced upon each, but only a few of the greatest will be

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mentioned. Perhaps the greatest statesman since the days of Lincoln were: James A. Garfield, John Sherman and William McKinley. Their blood was of the purest that flows in American veins, yet in the two well known cases it was spilled by the degenerate hand of infamy and the demon-spirit of anarchy. A mere thought of such inhuman deeds causes the spirit of vengeance almost to become master of self control, but as we behold it in the light of Divine Law, we can think of it only as the dying man—"His will, not ours he done."

Like all great men while they lived they were the victims of false accusations, but since their death, their deeds are held sacred in the memory of all true Americans. They were great because they possessed the simple which will make any man great—their absolute trust in God, and their undeviating adherence to their duty toward men.

Was James A. Garfield great? Ask those studious days of his youth; those days of preparation for one of the greatest careers of fame in which a man ever lived; those six years he spent in the House of Representatives; that unparalleled record of thirty years spent in the Senate; ask those years when he was Secretary of the Treasury, and those final years of his life

(Continued on Page 7.)

JUST one taste of Hagee's Cordial of Cod Liver Oil (with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda) will dispel any idea that it is repulsive, nauseating like ordinary cod liver oil.

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20 WEST MAIN STREET.

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT.

Class of Thirty-three Graduates Presented With Diplomas by President Harry J. Hoover at the Auditorium--Enjoyable Program--The Seven Orations Published Below in Full--Newark's 46th Annual Graduation Exercises.

Thirty-three young men and women were graduated from the Newark High school Thursday night, the commencement exercises being held in the Auditorium.

The program was probably the most elaborate that has been rendered in the history of the Newark schools, and was so arranged that at no time was anything tedious on long drawn out.

The essays, seven in number, were of a high order of excellence as can be seen by reading them, and without exception they were well delivered, and attentively heard by an appreciative audience.

The stage was tastefully decorated with a profusion of flowers, ferns and palms, and as the members of the class sat in a semi-circle, flanked on either side and the rear by the members of the High school glee club, and others who took part in the exercises, a very beautiful picture was presented to the audience.

The musical program was elaborate and showed careful and painstaking preparation, which had been conscientiously done under the direction of Prof. N. B. Yeardley, director of music in the schools.

Dr. Herman Monroe of Wheeling, and Miss Bertha Penney of Newark, were the ones upon whom the solo work of the evening devolved, and both were in excellent voice, and entered into the spirit of the inspiring occasion, so that their singing was highly appreciated, and deservedly so.

The choral numbers as well as the vocal accompaniment to several selections by the soloists were rendered by the High school glee club, which organization has been a musical success, and Thursday night added new laurels to its record of success.

The program follows:

Invocation, Rex. Lester S. Boyce.

Chorus, Joy! Joy! Freedom Today, from Gypsy's Warning, High School Glee Club.

Power; It's Application, Elizabeth King.

Chestnuts, Florence Fulton.

Vocal Solos, Lend Me Your Aid, from Queen of Sheba, Gounod; Flow Gently, Sweet Afton, Spilman, Dr. Herman Monroe.

Credit, Ray Evans.

Athletics, Ethol Brillhart.

Solos and Chorus, Moon Song, from San Toy, Jones, Bertha W. Penney, Dr. Monroe and Glee Club.

Custom, Myrtle Miller.

Ohio, Harvey Alexander.

Vocal Solos, Song of Thanksgiving, Aylward; All Through the Night, Old Welsh Melody, Dr. Herman Monroe.

Shakespeare's Women, Ethel Metz.

Son, The Lost Chord, Sullivan, Glee Club, Girls' Voices.

Presentation of Diplomas, Mr. H. J. Hoover, President Board of Education.

Chorus, As Pants the Hart, from the Crucifixion, Spohr, Dr. Monroe and Glee Club.

The list of graduates, class of 1903, follows:

Latin.

Musa Ray Beall, Ethol Brillhart, George Howard Broome, Ida W. Davis, Florence Emily Fulton, Florence Hull, Elizabeth Myrtle King, Ethel M. Metz, Myrtle Annette Miller, Mary Owen, Frances Wells Priest, Ruth Arlington Speer.

German.

Mary Anglene Davis, Loufern Beekun Harris, Flossa Herszberger, Ada Sims, Lulu Gertrude Starr.

English.

Mary Helena Adam, Harvey J. Alexander, Joy Caplain Edwards, Winifred Mead Fulton, Mary King, Bess Buelah Norman.

Commercial.

Wilfred C. Bollen, Julia Margaret Braunhold, Mary Grace Doyle, Albert Ray Evans, William A. Fleming, Charlotte Grace Holman, Walter G. Holman, Homer David Jones, Gideon W. Lippincott, Warren T. Suter.

Those composing the High school Glee Club are:

N. B. Yeardley, Director.

First Soprano--Ethel M. Metz, Lulu G. Starr, Ethol Brillhart, Bertha W. Penney.

Second Soprano--Helen Young, Hazel Keckley, Laura Coffman, Anna Davis.

First Alto--Kate Vance, Marion Hatch, Bessie McClure, Ada Sims.

Second Alto--Winifred M. Fulton, Kathryn Frye, Emma Kammerer, Bertha Fulton, Beatrice Brown.

Tenor--Arthur Connolly, Ben Hoover, Ray Evans, Fred Reigler.

Bass--Frank Reynolds, Homer D. Jones, Wilfred Bollen.

E. Mabel Glenn, accompanist.

Benediction, Rev. L. S. Boyce.

The seven essays delivered by the young graduates are below given in full:

ELIZABETH KING.

The first essay on the program was by Miss Elizabeth King on "Power; Its Application." Miss King spoke as follows:

The sight of one of the great transatlantic steamers suggests the thought of the vast amount of power which is enclosed within the great mass. But while there is a wonderful power in the great bulk if it were not applied the ship would never move--would never leave the harbor to carry its cargo from one land to another. It is true of all the forms of power which man possesses or controls. Activity is essential to true power.

There are many manifestations of power, and the fact that man has swayed over them goes to show that they will be applied or misapplied according to the disposition of the man. Money seems to be one of the important possibilities of power for

"He who hath gold, hath power to hold, Men serve him loyally."

Some wealthy men belong to their fortunes but there are some whose fortunes belong to them. The Czar of Russia is said to be the richest man in the world. His factories, his mines, and his estates are vast and illimitable and yet no one thinks of him merely as a rich man. A picture of irresistible power comes up before our imagination rather than of riches when the name of the Czar is mentioned. This is the case simply because a man may be rich but far from wealthy, for his riches depend upon the money itself and not upon the use of the money.

In the same way J. Pierpont Morgan is considered, first of all, as a man of power. To be sure his wealth gives him power in a certain sense, but with him the money plainly belongs to the man and not the man to the money. If by some unforeseen turn of the "wheel of fortune" Mr. Morgan should lose his wealth he would still be the keen, far-sighted business man, the gifted financier, and the stature of the man of power would in no wise be diminished. Andrew Carnegie is another example of a man who possesses wealth.

It is not to be supposed that all men who are qualified to be kings are crowned, or that all men who are crowned are qualified to be kings. So it is not to be supposed that all men who are competent to be rich are rich, or that all men who are rich are competent to be so.

What we are disposed to call luck, sometimes gives to money men who ought to be poor because of their failure to put their riches to good use. But none will say that Carnegie ought not to be wealthy. The story of his life may seem to us very much like a fairy tale produced by some one's fertile imagination. He was born in Scotland where the children were raised principally on sea air and oatmeal, which furnished this boy with a good supply of brains. His father was a man of intelligence and took especial interest in all subjects concerning the public welfare. The son inherited from his mother the foresight of a financier which helped to make him the power he is today in the financial and industrial world. The family came to Pennsylvania and the father went into a cotton factory in which his son soon became a boy. Many years after this he became a telegraph operator and drifted into railway affairs; later going into the manufacture of bridges. He never failed in an enterprise. Was this the power of wealth or the power within the man? It might be said of him as of Morgan, take by one stroke his millions away from him and he will still be the man of power, the man of ability and of determination, able to take one step at a time until now we find him on what seems to be the top round of the ladder of success.

The wonderful power of the press causes us, who love to dream that this beautiful land of ours is a democracy ruled in truth by the people, to stop and consider the weight of the power of influence. At the present time public opinion exerts a marked influence upon affairs at Washington. Public opinion is moulded to some extent by the press. It is a fact that since our country is ruled by the people and their opinions are, to some degree, formed by the press, that the few hundred men who do the writing for our most widely circulated newspapers and magazines have a great share in the moulding of the opinions of men. These men, who sit in lofty buildings writing down their thoughts to be sent out in millions of copies over the country for multitudes to read, are wielding a mighty influence either for good or for evil.

Again, we are told that genius is power. Genius was well defined by a noted professor in the statement, "We hear entirely too much of genius, we hear it spoken of as if it were some inherent trait, something only a few may possess. I say to you genius is made up of two parts inherent ability and ninety-eight parts hard work." Thus it is not so discouraging for us ordinary mortals if we are only willing to put our shoulders to the wheel or our hands to the plow and make our best possible effort.

Inherent ability is the gift of nature and is a treasure on which man has a firmer hold than he has upon his gold and silver.

To the other element of genius, hard work, the old English proverb, "No pains, no gains," has direct application. Hard work makes rugged men and women. A purpose accomplished in spite of opposition and resistance makes the man that much stronger and by that much enables him to easily overcome more hindrances in the future. Hard work and untiring energy are necessary for the best results, physical, intellectual, and spiritual. This has felled American forests, built cities as if by magic, and cultivated our prairies until they bring forth glorious harvests; it has built our railways--those arteries of commerce which traverse our land from shore to shore; and it has made our country rich with the wealth of both fine and liberal arts.

There seems to be no provision in God's economy for idlers, Paul says, "This we command you, that if any man would not work neither should he eat." He also wrote to the Thessalonians, "We hear that there are some which walk among you disorderly, working not at all but are busybodies." Of course they were busybodies if they were doing nothing good or useful. The brain simply must act and the hands, too, cannot remain motionless, so let us fill head and hands with those things which will be of benefit to ourselves and the age in which we live so that we shall always be able to find something to do.

"Here's hope and cheer, For all the year, Here's balm for every wrong."

Foresight and discretion come hand in hand to make up the wisdom which a man must have today to succeed in any sphere of life. The man of business must have a clear understanding of the affairs of the commercial world to enable him, if he is dealing in stocks, for instance, to know just when to buy or sell. He must understand the situation so that he may place stocks upon the market which are at their best and buy those which are below par, but which his knowledge of how the market is going tells him are soon to be in demand at a premium.

The politician must have a general idea of the affairs of the country and must be able to put two and two together and learn that they do not, as in mathematics, always make four. Sometimes their sum will be greater, and sometimes less. And here is where his wisdom comes into play, makes him master of the situation, and gives him power to control for his own benefit forces which it may be, someone else has set to work.

Then there is the ability which comes from education. There seems to be no limit to the good which an educated people may accomplish. All that is necessary to convince one of this is to make a comparison of two nations, the one of which has education for the many and in the other of which education is for the favored few. America, with her brainy men at the helm of the ship of state stands preeminent among the nations; while China, with her rulers who are selfish and lacking in the spirit of progress, has not been making the most of her opportunities. She shows, however, at the present time, some indication of awakening. This she must do and bestir herself to some purpose if she would make and keep for herself a place among the nations.

Aside from this as we look over the records of our greatest men it is admitted that the foundation stone for their lives has been character. Numerous other qualities have been added; but the one which has been of foremost importance to them from the start, and the one which has been the grandest monument for them since their death has been this strong portion of their beings. Their well-formed opinions of what was right and their fearlessness in defending these opinions have made many powerful men. This, in different degrees, has given them their individuality which brings to every man a personality of his own by which other men may see and judge him.

FLORENCE FULTON.

"Chestnuts" was the unique subject chosen by Miss Florence Fulton who said:

Soon after my arrival in America, a very curious invitation was handed to me to go chestnutting--whatever that might mean. All things were strange to me, and this was especially so, as I had never even heard the word chestnut. I questioned my host. He simply pointed to the card and exclaimed, "Ah! a chestnut party!" We were awakened very early on the

morning of that eventful day and our host-to-be called for us in a large wagon. As we proceeded on our way many were added to our party, until it numbered about twenty. After a long drive it was declared that we had arrived at our destination, but no house could I see, only a few trees in an open field. We were each given a small basket, in the shape of a hollowed-out chestnut, and afterwards discovered, and a very merry party, we started on our hunt for the nuts. I inquired how this was tasted, and one of the ladies looked up, and after much pondering, told me it tasted like nothing. I soon had the misfortune to feel, and the satisfaction of eating one of these nuts; but I do not agree with her for within that prickly burr I found a sweet morsel and I have ever been finding, in my wanderings over this country, goodly things in rough and stinging cases.

It seems the American people must consider a foreigner more agile than themselves for I was always the one selected to climb the trees, to knock down the nuts, and to play with the children. However I enjoyed it all very much and my first introduction to the chestnut was a favorable one.

Soon after this picnic I was walking along one of the thoroughfares of the greatest of American cities when I heard one small boy say to another, "Oh, that's a chestnut!" I was at once interested. Failing to see any nuts, I accosted the boys and asked them to permit me to look at their chestnut, but they answered me with laughter and called me "Foreigner," "Stupid," and such like--why, I could not tell.

We foreigners are stupid when compared with you young Americans, yet our forefathers have taught you many things and we still continue to do so. Marconi is an Italian who has given to the world, and especially to you, for the Americans seem to have taken a greater interest in it than the other nations, a wonderful invention.

I met a wealthy American the other day who was what I should call, a "chestnut," for he did not believe in Marconi and his wireless telegraphy, but his theory was: Adhere to what you have and aspire to nothing better. He considered the telephone and telegraph good enough for the people of today and thought they could never be improved on. Then I reminded him how the steamers had taken the place of the coach and how they in turn are being substituted by the electric cars. Never would he have been convinced had I argued with him forever, and I, wise man that I am, shook my fist at him and let out my pent-up feelings by calling him a "chestnut."

Speaking of Marconi reminds me of an old man who rushed up to me the other day and said "How about that Marconi, do you believe he can talk right through the sky all the way over land and sea?" "Must have a louder voice than God gave you or me, eh?"

We have always considered our countrymen progressive, but I have come to the conclusion that we are partly mistaken. The women of your country are very slow in one line, and that is in adopting new inventions; yet, after all, we can hardly blame them. They do not enjoy working and often complain so much that their husbands, who do not like to see them labor nor to hear their groans, rack their brains for some way to improve matters. An idea strikes them; how a washing machine would save their knuckles and their aching backs, or a mop wringer their hands, or a potato peeler, their time! Thus these sympathetic but misguided creatures reason with themselves. If they would only stop with reasoning, trouble would be saved, but they don't--as you probably are aware. They turn out immense machines, a few of which are practical, but most of which are sources of terror to their wives.

I was at the home of a friend recently when I noticed a man with a small case near the house. I made preparations to take my leave but before I could do so, my hostess left the room. The man knocked and waited a while but no one appeared. I was surprised and made many conjectures. I found out afterwards that I had caused myself needless anxiety; my friend was merely fleeing from a patent pedler. This is the way you Americans treat the patent, and that slave of the patent, the agent.

While journeying through Ohio, I again found my chestnut in another form. Roaming over the country I saw many stately trees, conspicuous for their beauty, and I inquired, in an enthusiastic way, of their nature and species. I was informed that they were Horse Chestnuts, and the beautiful silky coat and the water and poisonous center of the nut were pointed out to me. These trees are like some of the American people; I am full in appearance and manner but full at the heart--the closer one's contact with them, the more acrid they become. But those who would people I have met, may be likened to the small, sweet chestnut--so delicate to the taste, so refreshing, yet always hidden in a burr so hard to open. I reclined under these trees I thought of a beautiful old lady by whom I have been entertained that day. She is a mass of white hair which seems to me like a cloud hovering over her head; she was bent and wrinkled, yet I could not think of her as old--she was young at heart, her soul was not worn. As her body was in trees in that, she seemed more beautiful each year of her life.

A longing came into my heart, a dream of some land beyond me, I was inspired by the beautiful woman whom I had met on the long-to-be-remembered November morning of the Chestnut Party. She said the chestnut nut tasted like nothing. "Nothing," she said--how frivolous--yet her tone has lingered and vibrated in my being from that day to this. Woman! "So still she leads and though sometimes from good, She still supremely holds the sacred Power."

I am, what I have not thought to be mentioned before, a man of letters. After mastering English, I found myself in an amazing labyrinth of literature. Without a library of my own, I soon learned to appreciate those open to the public, and while pursuing my research among popular works of fiction, I chanced upon a book entitled, "The Opening of a Chestnut Burr." I seized upon it with eagerness for it promised much--it seemed a ray of light that might solve the Enigma of my new life. As I have told you I have learned that the chestnut is encased in a thorny burr as unapproachable as are some characters wise and good, among men, whose merits nothing but the Autumn frosts and wild tempests of the November of life can reveal.

My name is Nathan Good--but who would ever have guessed it from my exterior? The burr is half open, revealing the heart of silk and down--can you get past the barrier which I have turned towards an unfriendly world? I am buffeted by the November winds yet I have a consciousness of a certain fascination about me that is drawing someone, somewhere, towards even my heart.

With all these flashings through my mind and burnings of my soul, I began to devour the pages of my book. Soon I saw the interpretation of this "parable of nature" the chestnut, I found that I myself had been a great cynical chestnut, occupying a solitary position among men, but the burr is unfolding, revealing a setting of gold, ruby, and emerald; my way is full of sudden gleam. I begin to hear the sweetest music of earth. Now the trees are glowing with the richest tints, like that first morning when the chestnut party changed the aurora of the long moonlight of my life into the splendor of the full day, and my answering heart vibrates again and again to the cadence of her sweet tones and the memory of her merry laughter in the woodland.

RAY EVANS.

Mr. Ray Evans whose subject was "Credit, had the following well worded production:

Sixty per cent of the world's business is based on credit. Where this is understood to mean the confidence one person has in another, we cannot but marvel at the intricate system of business founded on that word, Credit.

Credit is defined in Economics as "the power to obtain the use of goods or money, at the present time to be paid for, or refunded, at a future time." Credit depends almost wholly on a person's good name and financial standing, for a merchant hesitates before transferring his property or trust to a person known to be an unsatisfactory debtor. And, even if the person has the money the question is often asked: "Does he pay his obligations promptly or must he be forced to pay?" In order to obtain this knowledge without due publicity, reference is made to the books issued by Dunn's or Bradstreet's commercial Agencies.

Economists define credit in somewhat different terms from those in which we explain the application of the idea in the ordinary transactions of Commercial life.

One Economist illustrates the credit involved in loans and trust funds, in the following manner: "There are good reasons why credit should be used. Many widows, orphans, invalids and others, may have some wealth but are unable or unwilling to undertake its management in active business enterprises. Others may have more wealth than they need. On the other hand there are many keen, energetic men, naturally fitted for managing industrial operations, who understand men, get on well with employees, and have gained hard earned experience, but who may have little capital to start with, or who can profitably employ much more capital than they own. These two classes of people supplement each other; and by credit wealth passes from the hands of those who can gain but little return from their investments, into those of the men who can make the best use of it, in carrying on great enterprises. In other words, credit enables the wealth of the country to be more effectively employed in production."

In ordinary transactions we look upon credit as the simple exchange of goods, or money, for a promise either written or spoken. Confidence in another's integrity may lead a person to sell him goods or lend him money, but when others are interested in the basis of all is credit, is confidence, goods or loans, prudence demands a more formal acknowledgement of indebtedness.

Thus far, only the confidence displayed between individuals has been considered, but for far more importance and yet an outgrowth of this form of credit, is the confidence a nation may inspire in other nations.

Can we fairly expect a high degree of national credit, when its own citizens are distrustful and lack confidence in each other?

Nature has so decreed that all nations are interdependent, and it is well for us that this law exists, for when a nation becomes so productive that it can supply all its needs, then that country ceases all intercourse with others, and as a result becomes stagnant, and of no benefit to any other country. It is, therefore, a natural law that a nation must depend on others for some of its necessities, or at least luxuries of life, and by the mutual interchange of commodities, a credit system of vast proportions has been established.

In times of war, famine, or pestilence, when a country fails to contribute its share to the sustenance of the world's population, the suspicion with which its promises are looked upon by other nations, leads it toward financial ruin.

Credit is confidence; lack of confidence--causes Panics; Panics cause national distress and sometimes actual want.

The causes of Panics are closely allied to credit, and the possibility of hard times is intimately associated with it in the minds of all intelligent men of affairs.

In the financial history of the United States, the panics have fortunately been few, with the elapse of many years between them, in which to regain new strength, and establish the confidence of the people.

The first panic of national importance was during Van Buren's administration. Briefly, the conditions leading to the disastrous state of affairs were, the ease with which people could borrow money, leading to a wild speculation in lands; then the charter of the United States bank was refused for another term, consequently a large number of worthless banks sprang into existence; the government recalled all its gold and silver deposited in certain state banks, and it further refused to sell lands except for cash.

This suddenly stopped the fever of speculation, and the demands for coin were so great, at a time when coin was not to be obtained, that the inevitable happened, and property of all kinds declined in value; men could neither collect debts, nor pay them, and a crash resulted. Hundreds of business houses failed in the next two months, and in New York alone the loss reached the enormous sum of one hundred millions of dollars.

Notwithstanding the disastrous effects of this panic of 1837 one favorable result was the establishment of the independent United States treasury with several sub-treasuries in various cities thus insuring the safety of the funds of the government.

The success of the first railroad across the continent, led to the building of four more great transcontinental lines. The stock of these railroads was subscribed for by many people determined to get rich at locomotive speed. The proceeds from the Pacific roads were so much less than expected that it caused the failure of a strong banking house in Philadelphia, which was largely interested in one of the lines. This failure was rapidly followed by hundreds of others, the loss reaching many millions of dollars in the course of a few weeks, and precipitating the Panic of 1857 upon the general business interests of the country. Thus, mainly through the desire of speculators to make money quickly, what were then unsafe investments, disastrous results were brought about. The country did not fully recover from the ill-effects of this Panic for five or six years.

The Panic of 1893 was merely a repetition of the preceding ones, the causes and effects being similar.

Credit can only be established and maintained in enterprises that are legitimate, and that return proceeds in proportion to the amounts invested; not twenty or thirty per cent a month, as some of the advertisements so prevalent would lead us to believe possible. It is with much concern, that conservative business men see the idea gain ground that such enormous returns can be realized from small investments. It is generally believed that this tremendous extension of credit cannot last, and that hard times are near a hand, and doubtless, although the confidence of the people has not been destroyed, this continual humbugging will lead to a serious state of affairs. It is well to note, however, that the United States was never in a better condition to stand the strain of a Panic, than at the present time.

While our prosperity is still high, every man of affairs should examine carefully, to see how far he has built on an artificial or dangerous basis, how far he has a part in the gigantic structure of credit and confidence, and whether it is as he could make it. After all is said, it is the individual credit that counts, and care and foresight of the many will prevent a recurrence of Panics.

It is a magnificent and impressive thing--this vast structure of confidence and credit that now exists in our world of finance and commerce. All most all productive industries are making large earnings, and practical success is so universal, that every man or corporation, not convinced of dishonesty, has better credit than ever before.

But the basis of all this is not real values, great as real values are. The basis of all is credit, is confidence. The continuance of prosperity depends upon the individual character of every man of financial or commercial importance. If every such man would keep his credit within safe distance of his real value, we shall go on indefinitely, as a prosperous people and prove by a happy experience that panics are not bound to recur.

But the greatest preventive force of all is the individual--the extent or degree to which every man of affairs regards the financial and commercial community as a thing in his own keeping and looks upon himself as personally responsible for so much of it as he touches or can effect. It is at last a matter of character.

The time will come, and surely we ought already to have reached such a stage of commercial civilization, when every man will have a feeling of responsibility to the business community--which will forbid his doing danger to the great fabric of credit, upon which the commercial world rests. "It is a great thing to have strength

of body. It is a great thing to have strength of mind. It is a greater thing to have the firm and lofty soul which means that a man has character in its truest and best sense."

ETHOL BRILLHART.

Miss Ethol Brillhart, who came fourth on the program, had some interesting things to say about "Athletics." Miss Brillhart's paper follows:

To what do the thoughts of the American boy turn when he has finished his recitations for the day? Athletics! What boyish heart does not thrill at the sound of that word!

Imagine the American boy playing some of the old Roman games--knocking balls of feathers, hair or sin against a wall by means of the hand, the bat being practically unknown. But the circus was what took the eye of the Roman people, it being the oldest and most popular of the free exhibitions. The word "circus" means simply "ring" and resembled the circus which the present generation enjoys so much. The shows were of various kinds but the one most characteristic and the one that is always meant when no other is specified, was that of chariot racing. The drivers were slaves or freedmen and their dress was similar to our football players' defensive armor. The reins were knotted together and passed around the drivers' body. In his belt he carried a knife to cut the reins in case he should be thrown from the car, or to cut the traces if a horse should fall and become entangled in them. These races gave as many opportunities as those of today for skillful driving, and required even greater strength and daring, for what we should call "fouling" was encouraged.

Imagine yourself among the spectators when a chariot race is announced. The hearts of the onlookers are all in a flutter. There are only six contestants, but what of that! The people feel as if something dreadful is about to happen. The trumpet sounds--the horses leap toward the starting point--they are off! Cheer after cheer rises to the sky, while the favorites urge on their horses. But one of the drivers has not yet used the lash; his horses seem responsive to the slightest touch. Very few in the audience know that the result of the race is life or death to him. If he loses his love is lost forever, but O--the joy if he wins! The last turn has been made and he is still on the outside of the track. With a kind but firm word to his horses, he guides them towards the foremost chariot. The people shout his name as they comprehend what he intends to do. A clash--the chariot is overturned and the victor passes on, while his opponent lies bleeding on the ground and the attendants rush in to the assistance of the unfortunate victim. The goal is passed--his love is won, and like a hero, he receives his laurels and is crowned by the Emperor.

The Romans desiring a game more exciting even than this, introduced gladiatorial contests. At first the victims were prisoners of war, but as these did not last always, war was made upon neighboring countries and captives taken for use in the arenas sometimes even women and children were made to fight for their lives.

These contests were extremely cruel, but the people of the Mediaeval period, which is said to be the most chivalrous in the history of the world, had tournaments which gave the performances of modern times to seem very tame. Covered with steel, and known only by their emblazoned shields, or by the favors of their mistresses, a still prouder token of honor, the combatants rushed forward to a strife not always without enmity and seldom without danger. Although their weapons were pointless and sometimes only of wood, although they were bound by the laws of tournaments to strike only upon the strong armor of the trunk, nevertheless these impetuous conflicts often terminated in wounds and death. Victory in a tournament was little less glorious, and perhaps, at the moment, the cause of prouder exultation than on the field, since no battle could assemble such witnesses of valor.

The student of these years also had something to break the monotony of his studies. At Westminster school, the cook, dressed in white, and carrying a frying pan containing a hot pancake, marched from the kitchen to the door of the great school. The students were all assembled in the space beyond the bar. After cautiously whirling the pan three times around his head, he flung the pancake over the bar among the boys, who scrambled for it. The boy that gained it had the right at claiming a guinea from the Dean.

An old name given to football was "camp ball" which was often played along the streets of towns.

The sturdy apprentices turned out on summer evenings or on holidays, being joined by a motley crew of idlers, no attention being paid to those passing by. One writer about Old London says that he hardly knew which was the worse to pass through, a mob around the pillory or the one engaged in football. Compare that with the football of today, when the game takes place on a large field surrounded by bleachers, and with many thousand spectators. Is it the danger that draws the crowd? What sport is without danger? Even in yachting there is a possibility of someone being drowned.

Polo, which is just as exciting, and with the possible exception of yachting the most expensive game played, has the special advantage of developing in the players pluck, endurance, and the ability to ride like the proverbial Indian, as well as calmness, a good temper, and submission to discipline; (Continued on page Four)

DENISON UNIVERSITY'S 72d COMMENCEMENT



C. A. Metz	S. G. Jones	D. Moore	E. C. Roberts	H. E. Flanagan	J. R. Burt	M. B. Palmerton	H. Olmstead
E. M. Jones	A. N. Nettleman	W. A. Zimmerman	H. B. Gengnagel	I. A. Field	D. Shambaugh	H. P. Chaffee	L. Megginson
H. R. Hick	C. L. MacDonald	W. H. Sproull	W. L. Flory	S. E. Drake	V. E. Field	V. Hunter	G. Harford
M. C. Fulton	D. H. Powers	J. A. King	R. H. Colwell	F. B. Amos	O. I. Dushimer	W. H. Roberts	

CLASS OF 1903-DENISON UNIVERSITY.

Idlewilde Park Casino.

Week of June 7.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Thorne and Co.

Burton & Brooks.

The Holdsworth.

Halley & Meehan.

And the famous Troubadour Four.

Prices 10 and 15 cents.

Seats on sale in advance at Wiles-
Ermin's drug store.

THE RAILWAYS

MAN WHO FASTENED BABY TO A B. & O. TRAIN

Is Now in the Pen—Wages Scales Unsatisfactory—Refused to Modify Decree.

Robert Jones, colored, was received at the Ohio penitentiary yesterday from Wilmington to serve five years for manslaughter. Last winter Jones, in order to get rid of a four months old child put it in a basket and tied the basket to the rear of a passenger coach of a B. & O. train, manned by a Newark crew. Jones had 12 miles to walk before he reached the station and the child was frozen when he got there.

Wage Scales Unsatisfactory.

Indianapolis, June 12—A meeting of the five railway brotherhoods has been called for Indianapolis Sunday, July 19. Wages will be discussed. It is said that some of the roads in the Central Traffic association have not advanced wages to the standard of the western roads and that others have not made advances that are satisfactory to the men. The chiefs of the five brotherhoods are expected to attend the meeting.

Refuses to Modify Decree.

Philadelphia, June 12—The United States circuit court of appeals has refused to modify its recent decree which held that the Pennsylvania railroad had a legal right to remove the poles and wires of the Western Union Telegraph company from along the right of way of the railroad. The Western Union company sought to have the railroad company restrained until the United States supreme court had reviewed the action of the court of appeals in reversing the opinion of the United States circuit court of New Jersey, which granted the injunction against the railroad.

Casanave Returns to Pennsy.

A telegram from Philadelphia says that F. D. Casanave, who recently resigned the general superintendency of motive power of the B. & O. system, on the plea of ill health, is to be made general agent of the Pennsylvania railroad, and that he will be placed in charge of the exhibit at the St. Louis fair. The announcement of Mr. Casanave's appointment is expected to be made public soon. Local railroad circles will be surprised to hear of Mr.

Casanave's return to his first love, the Pennsylvania. It will be recalled that he went from the B. & O. to a superintendency of motive power at Attoona to the general position with the B. & O. when the Pennsylvania secured the large interests in the B. & O. He organized the motive power department of the B. & O. and placed it on an effective working basis.

When the recent changes were made in the official personnel of the B. & O. they were soon followed by the resignation of Mr. Casanave. The statement was given out that his health had broken down. Gossip had it, however, that Mr. Casanave was aggrieved that he was not made general manager to succeed G. L. Potter, who was advanced to the vice presidency. Instead, C. S. Sims, general superintendent at New York, was given the place of general manager. Mr. Casanave's returning to the Pennsylvania in view of the avowed breaking of his health and these rumors, makes the situation interesting.

Will Not Curtail Improvements.

A vice president of the Pennsylvania railroad said Tuesday: "The Pennsylvania will not curtail its expenditures for improvements. The millions needed to build new tracks and to perfect the system so as to handle the business offered it were freely voted by the stockholders when President Cassatt asked for the money. Their action was a vote of confidence in President Cassatt's management, and he proposes to go ahead and spend the \$67,000,000 which the stockholders voted. Mr. Cassatt does not reckon upon the country's present prosperity continuing indefinitely, but he believes that one cannot make money without spending money, and he does not believe in turning away business that is offered. The Pennsylvania lost millions of dollars in business last year because it had a case of congestion and Mr. Cassatt does not want another attack of that malady. I think this should satisfy the New York critics who seem to think the Pennsylvania is spending too much money on improvements and too little money in dividends. I feel sure the \$67,000,000 will be well spent, and so will the \$50,000,000 which the Pennsylvania will pay out for its New York terminal."

Champion is Mr. Parsons.

John Parsons a well known B. & O. fireman in the yards at this point, went turtle hunting and brought back with him one hundred turtles, the largest of which weighed twenty-five pounds. He also caught a catfish that

weighed twenty-two pounds. He was gone one day and one night. He is the champion turtle hunter of Licking county, and lives in the East End.

Local Railway Notes.

Edward Dayton (one of the efficient and popular clerks in the round house office of the B. & O. and his father, Engineer W. P. Dayton, went over to Buckeye Lake to catch a few fish.

Brakeman J. Brown of the C. O. division is lying off for a few days.

Conductor W. A. Stewart, of the C. O. division has returned to work after having been off for a few days.

Conductor C. B. Myers has been given a few days leave of absence.

Conductor Shultz of the L. E. division, is laying off for a few trips.

Brakeman B. Hughes has been marked up for service after a few days' absence.

Brakemen N. R. Castor and C. V. Holler of the L. R. division have been given a short leave of absence.

Conductors C. E. Muray and R. F. Funk of the C. O. division, are laying off for a few days.

C. A. Body has taken service with the B. & O. as a brakeman and has been assigned to duty on the C. O. division.

Brakeman A. B. Danford has returned to work on the L. E. division, after a short absence.

Engineer I. F. Dill who has been off duty for the past three months, suffering with rheumatism, has recovered and returned to work.

Brakemen D. E. Bland and B. S. Smart of the C. O. division have been marked up for service, after a few days' lay off.

Brakemen W. G. Jenkins, W. P. Evans, N. Long, W. H. Chilcote and M. C. Knerr of the C. O. division, are laying off for a few trips.

Conductor M. B. Rouse is off on leave of sickness.

Engineer E. W. Ryan, who was off for one trip, has returned to work.

B. & O. Brakeman Ernest Graff is in Pittsburgh.

B. & O. engine 889 has been thoroughly overhauled and now looks like a new engine.

Engineer J. W. Fowler of the "Rough Riders" at Cambridge is here on a two weeks' vacation.

After having been off on a short leave of absence, Brakeman W. C.

Shambaugh, has been marked up for service.

Engineer Brandt has been promoted to extra passenger engineer.

J. E. Crawford has accepted a position with the B. & O., and has been assigned to work on the C. O. division.

Brakeman J. N. Chester has been marked up for service after a short absence.

Brakeman H. E. Shimmel has returned to work.

Denison Degrees.

The following degrees were conferred by Denison University Thursday: Master of Arts, Miss Helen Baldwin; Master of Science, Miss Clara A. Davis, Mr. Carl O. Burrer.

The following honorary degrees were conferred: Doctor of Civil Laws, Prof. William Carey Morey, of the University of Rochester; Doctor of Laws, Prof. Ira Price, of the University of Chicago.

Doctor of Divinity, Rev. Walter M. Calley, Secretary of the B. Y. P. U. A., and Rev. William Upercraft, of the China Inland Mission.

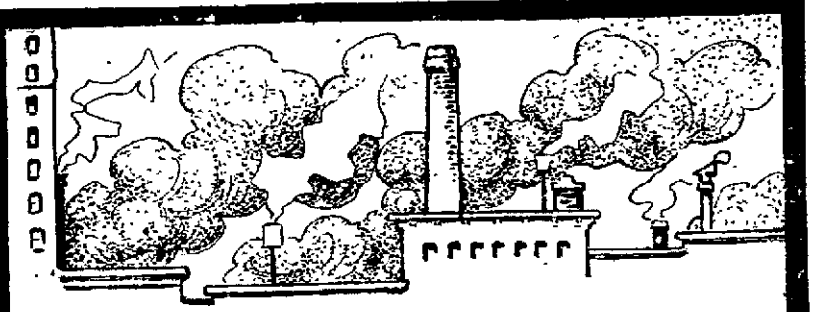
EUCALYPTUS FOR CONSUMPTION

Professor Somerfield, a prominent physician of Berlin, has announced a new cure for consumption, which is attracting the attention of the medical world. The treatment consists of the inhalation of a vapor produced by heating a mixture of Eucalyptus Oil, Sulphur and Charcoal. Of 100 patients experimented on with this treatment during the last six months sixty were completely cured. For Rheumatism, Constipation and all diseases of the blood Dr. Burkhardt's Vegetable Compound is the greatest medicine the world has ever known. 30 days' treatment 25c. All druggists.

Open Letter from Rees R. Jones.

We wish to say to the public that we are now better prepared than ever to please our patrons. If you have farm or city property for sale or exchange, we will spare no time or pains to do you prompt work. If you want to buy real estate of any description we will be pleased to show you any one on our list, which is large. Money loaned on real estate. See us for fire and accident insurance. Rees R. Jones, Room 11, Hibbert & Schaus building. 6-6 dltmsw-1m

Automobile building gives employment to 20,000 people in France.



REPORT OF PRIVATE CHANG.

"In the down-town business districts where everyone is rushing and bustle every moment of the day, all are working on their nerves, and are either irritable or melancholy. They are troubled with palpitation, dizziness, crave acid drinks, and suffer severe pain whether the stomach is full or empty. Sometimes they have no appetite and other times the appetite is excessive. All this is particularly true of woman workers, thousands of whom are pale and constipated, and have frequent attacks of nausea and vomiting at night; also much female weakness is due to dyspepsia.

"I inform the people that all this suffering will quickly pass away and they will regain their health if they will use Rexall Dyspepsia Tablets, which may be obtained at the store of Frank D. Hall, druggist.

Rexall Tablets are Warranted to Cure all Forms of Indigestion and Dyspepsia.

Money will be refunded, exactly as printed on package, in case of dissatisfaction. Price 25 cents, at our store or by mail.

F. D. Hall's Drug Store.



A New Era In The Loan Business.

\$10.00 And upwards advanced without delay or publicity at 1/2 per cent a month. Nothing like our Interest Rates in Newark. Easy weekly or monthly payments.

A loan of \$10 can be paid 20c weekly or monthly.
A loan of \$25 can be paid 47c weekly or monthly.
A loan of \$35 can be paid 62c weekly or monthly.
A loan of \$50 can be paid 85c weekly or monthly.
A loan of \$75 can be paid \$1.20 weekly or monthly

You can increase your payments or pay off your loan at any time. You only pay interest for the time you have our money. If you cannot call write or phone Citizen 678 and we will call on you.

THE New York Finance Co.
14 1-2 N. Second St.

Money to Loan.

At 5 per cent. per annum on furniture, pianos, chattels and real estate. New phone 648. CENTRAL LOAN CO., Over First National Bank.

DR. J. T. LEWIS Dentist

Teeth extracted without pain. Work guaranteed. Office hours 8 to 12 a. m., 1 to 5 p. m. Open Wednesday and Saturday evenings 7 to 8. 42 N. Third St.

Your Hair

Perhaps your mother had thin hair, but that is no reason why you must go through life with half-starved hair. If you want long, thick, dark and heavy hair, feed it with Ayer's Hair Vigor.

61. All druggists. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

Hall's Drug Store.

10 NORTH SIDE SQUARE.



When Nature Needs Help

she finds her best helper in that wonderful tonic

WALTHER'S PEPTONIZED PORT

It helps nature in nature's way—aids digestion and enriches the blood—makes health and strength. Cures dyspepsia, indigestion, stomach troubles and bowel complaints. The ideal tonic for old folks, invalids, convalescents and all cases of impaired strength and weakened vitality. Two sizes, 50 cts. and \$1.00.

THE WALTHER PEPTONIZED PORT CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

For sale by
ALL DRUGGISTS.

We are the Agents for

Bug-Bang

For Bugs

Moth-Bang

For Moths

Flea-Bang

For Fleas

A full pint of the strongest solution for only
25 cents!

Death to bugs but non-poisonous to humanity.

Ernest T. Johnson
DRUGGIST,
Warden Hotel Block.



CARNATION CREAM

produces a soft, clear, velvety skin, without causing it to become sticky, contains no oils or injurious ingredients. Sure relief for chapped hands. Excellent for gentlemen's use after shaving. Price, 50 Cents.

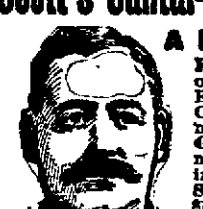
FOR SALE AT
E. T. JOHNSON'S
Free sample sent on receipt of stamp.
W. EYER & GLEIM, - CLEVELAND, O.

NOTICE

If you want the best Warm Air Furnace, Spouting, Tin Slate and Iron Roofing, Steel Ceilings, Sheet Iron and Copper Work, Repainting, Workmanship and material call on

Bailey & Keeley

No. 78 and 80 West Main St.
New Phone 133.



Scott's Santal-Pepsin Capsules

A POSITIVE CURE
For Inflammation of the Bladder and Diseased Kidneys. No cure no pay. Cures quickly and permanently the worst cases of Gonorrhea and Gleet, no matter how long standing. Absolutely harmless. Sold by druggists. Price \$1.00, or by mail, postpaid, \$1.00, 9 boxes, \$2.75.

THE SANTAL-PEPSIN CO., BELLEVILLE, OHIO.

Sold by City Drug Store.

Dr. R. A. Barrick

DENTIST.

Three specialties, good advice, first class work, and moderate charges. If you want good work one trial is all I ask. Work and charges warranted to be satisfactory. Vitalized air administered for extracting teeth without pain.

Office 19 1-2 N. Third St. Newark O.

SALVATION ARMY

Or Church of the Black Sheep Doing Great and is Deserving of Your Support.

The number of destitute and unfortunate that have been fed and sheltered and the number of drunkards and other depraved and fallen outcasts that have been reclaimed through the work of the Salvation Army cannot be approximately stated. It is a work that merits the kindly encouragement and help of all right minded men and women.

Whatever may be thought of the methods of the Salvation Army it can not be denied that it has a way of getting closer to the actual needs of the extremely poor than almost any other philanthropic agency. Every member, no matter what may be his station in life, must realize that no charitable work is more practical or affords greater returns for the money invested than that of the Salvation Army. There is no question that it would do vastly more good if the means of doing it were at its disposal. The Salvation Army is peculiarly well equipped for the distribution of charity. That means everything to its beneficiaries at this time, and it would be impossible for those who feel able and are willing to help the poor to find a better medium than this organization affords. The method of meeting the emergency adopted by the Army is an intelligent one. It prevents imposition and it must, if properly encouraged, prevent unspeakable suffering among the poor of Newark. In a community so generally prosperous and so ready at all times to respond to the cry for help, the Salvation Army should not be lacking in all the means it may require for the carrying on its good work.

The Salvation Army in Newark is in charge of Captain and Mrs. S. A. Runcie who are just now preparing to give an outing and picnic at Idlewild Park on July 15 to 200 mothers and children.

INDIGESTION

is the cause of more discomfort than any other ailment. If you eat the things that you want, and that are good for you, you are distressed. Ackley's-Dyspepsia Tablets will make your digestion perfect and prevent Dyspepsia and its attendant disagreeable symptoms. You can safely eat anything at any time, if you take one of these tablets afterward. Sold by all druggists under a positive guarantee. 25 cents. Money refunded if you are not satisfied. Send to us for a free sample. W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by Collins & Son.

OFFICERS ELECTED.

Portsmouth, O., June 12—The Ohio State Sunday School convention has elected the following officers: President, W. A. Endaly, Cincinnati; vice president, J. G. Slayter, Akron; general secretary, Rev. Joseph Clark D. D., Columbus; recording secretary, Howard Vuker, Zanesville; treasurer, C. L. Barrett, Springfield. General Secretary Clark was selected as a delegate to the World's Convention to be held next year at Jerusalem.

Read Advocate "Want Ads."

HIGH SCHOOL COMMENCEMENT

(Continued from Page 4.)

when he was Secretary of State. If any of these answers that John Sherman was not great, there never was a great American.

Was William McKinley great? Ask those days during which he fought the battle with adversity; the old cottage where at his mother's knee he learned the first lesson of obedience; ask those few, yet well spent years of school life; the old law office where he spent those long years waiting in vain for a client; ask the state of Ohio what service William McKinley has rendered to it; ask the American Nation what he has done for the promotion of her peace and prosperity. The echo of McKinley's greatness is still heard, and he will not only be remembered for his faithful service to the nation, but in the hall of the future generations his name shall ever stand as a true example of American manhood.

These men were great because they upheld all that was for the uplifting of mankind, and for this righteous element of their character they are doubly rewarded—enduring memory in the minds of men, and a friendship with God for all eternity.

Let us turn back to a page or two past and picture to the mind once more those dark days when the intermingled blood of brothers moistened the soil of our native land. The deeds of those days stand as indelible stains on the pages of American history, yet the pages of Ohio's history are illuminated by the light of fame as we read the part she played in the bloody conflict. The same old spirit of adherence to sound principle was again aroused, and she responded to the call of duty by sending to the Nation's aid, three hundred, twenty thousand of the bravest men that ever thronged a battlefield. They comprised more than one-tenth of the whole Union forces, and faced death on every side in the south which marks an important battlefield. She furnished not only the largest number of volunteer soldiers, but also the greatest generals of the Federal army were Ohio men. What history would be complete without a record of the accomplishments of such men as U. S. Grant, W. T. Sherman and Philip Sheridan?

A volume might be written concerning the achievements of each, but we can do them no greater justice than by saying that they were great Americans because each possessed the prominent spirit of Ohio and did his duty well.

There is still a vast number of Ohio men and women who are worthy of the highest praise and they represent the principal vocations of life, but they are the same at heart and therefore deserve the same praise, hence we must let them pass as true sons and true daughters of Ohio.

One of the chief causes of Ohio's rapid progress is the large number of educational institutions which were founded in the early days of her life. These have grown and expanded to such an extent that she now commands first rank in educational achievements. It sounds paradoxical, but it is nevertheless true that more than ninety-nine and one-half per cent. of our great population of more than four millions of people can read and write! We can thus see that the people of Ohio are grasping the innumerable opportunities which come to them and are receiving their reward by winning the universal admiration of men.

However, we may be censured for our egotistical assertions we can nevertheless utter them with a clear conscience in the glorious light of truth, for it is true that in her short period of existence she has surpassed all other states in her duty toward the Nation's welfare and both in war and in peace she has furnished the bravest of the brave and the greatest of the great. As we glance retrospectively on the pages of the past we behold so many accomplishments that we scarcely believe—

One hundred years ago where now we stand
There was a broad expanse of forest land
Where Nature in her majesty was Queen,
Whose kingdom scarcely any man had seen
Except the savage Red and now and then
A seeking band of brave yet peaceful men.

They struggled with the hardships of the soil;
From morn till eve was naught but constant toil
Until the harvest bowed his haughty head,
And in his place the fertile fields were spread,
And here and there a humble cottage rose
To shield the settler from his common foes.

But higher hopes for happiness and ease
Inspired the honest settler by degrees,
So bravely did he toil with hand and brain,
But neither thought nor labor was in vain
For from his toil some efforts there arose
A mighty state, Ohio—and still she grows,
And holds before the world the Lamp of Fame
By which her sons have seen to gain that name,
Which will forever stand in Memory's Hall,
A true and worthy token for us all.

BLOOD POISON

Bone Pains, Itchings, Swellings
If you have aches and pains, backache, joints, itching, scabby skin, blood poisoning, Swollen Glands, Itchings and Bumps on the Skin, Itches in Mouth, Sore Throat, Pimples, Copper-Colored Spots, all run down, Ulcers on any part of the body, Hair Falling Out, Eruptions, Eruptions, Watery Blisters, by giving pure, healthy blood to affected parts.

Blood Balm Cures Cancers of all Kinds, Suppurating Swellings, Eating Sores, Tumors, ugly Ulcers. It heals the sores or worst cancer perfectly. If you have a general Blood Poison, Swellings, Stinging Pains, take Blood Balm and they will disappear before they develop into Cancer.

Pleasant and safe to take. Thoroughly tested for 30 years. Composed of Pure Botanic Ingredients. Strengthens weak kidneys and weak stomachs, cures dyspepsia. At Druggists, \$1 Per Large Bottle. Complete directions.

Sold in Newark by
ERNEST T. JOHNSON.

Long may Ohio and her honor stand
A credit to our God and native land.

ETHEL METZ.

The seventh and last speaker of the graduating class was Miss Ethel Metz, whose essay entitled "Shakespeare's Women" is full of interest:

Shakespeare's women! How they have been analyzed, criticized and judged, since their first appearance on the old globe stage in London. Had Lady Macbeth been doomed to hear all the essays and lectures that have been written about her motives and her character, it would certainly have been sufficient punishment for her part in her husband's crime.

I shall not attempt to analyze or to criticize. Volumes have been written on the subject by men who have devoted their lives to its study—and volumes will continue to be written as long as Shakespeare is read. But passing by this phase of the subject, much remains to be said of them. For my part I shall be content merely to eulogize his whole characterization of womanhood.

The quotation, "as a man thinketh, so is he," might easily be changed to "as a man readeth, so is he." For as good reading raises our thoughts to its own high standard and brings out the latent powers within us, so light and unprofitable reading makes our brains simply storehouses filled with a muddle of facts and fancies. The accumulation of mere facts seems to me a peculiar instance of misdirected mental energy. Such things are much better left in an encyclopedia than deposited in the mind which should be left free for higher things. A man soon becomes as prosaic as his thoughts if he employs them in this way, or if the heroine of the latest word is our idea, we are, perhaps unconsciously moulding ourselves into her likeness. But if, on the contrary, we spend our time with these noble characters Shakespeare has portrayed for us—I should say fashioned, for they are too real for mere pictures—we cannot help becoming like the companions of our thoughts.

Then, since it is true that we are largely an embodiment of what we read, let us study for a short time the characters of the men who have been universally conceded to be the master-poet of all ages—Shakespeare.

Ruskin tells us that Shakespeare has no heroes—he has only heroines, and with the exception of the tragedy of Hamlet, perhaps, we will find the assertion a true one. So we shall confine ourselves to the noblest conceptions of this greatest of writers.

In taking up the study of Shakespeare's women we naturally wish to know first of all what he thought of the "equality" of man and woman, a subject which furnishes material for many newspaper articles and club papers today. For their are some people who cannot see how women can be equal to men without becoming like him, failing to appreciate the fact that equality does not involve likeness. The woman who thinks she must look like man, dress like him, vote and hold office with him—have his rights, as she calls them, loses the main advantage of her superiority.

Shakespeare realized better than any other man of his time, the true position of woman, and next to the Bible, he has done most to raise her to that position. He has endowed his women with a high order of intelligence, yet this intelligence merely accentuates their womanly character and does not, in any respect, make them mannish.

Portia, the "unlabeled girl" enters the judgment hall and interests the law in a way which astounds the learned old doctors, but she does not lose, for one moment, her innate modesty and dignity, and she makes us forget also, the custom which she is maintaining. And remember that it is only to save her life and her friend that she is willing to enter the court-room as an advocate, although claimed by her success, her husband is not turned by it and her ambition is to be "an honorable wife." The same is true of Rosalind and Imogen, their dignity and womanly grace cannot be effaced no matter in what circumstances they are placed.

Another characteristic which Shakespeare lectures us on his women is strength and steadiness of purpose. If the hero of the play is blown about by the winds of fancy or prejudice it is a woman who steadies him and guides him past the crisis. Hermione, an ideal woman, is a worthy example of this. Burdened with the grief of her husband's jealousy and loss of faith in her, which, to such a woman would be the source of infinite pain, she is calm and steadfast—a noble woman. Not once does she give way to her grief, but she inspires us with awe for her tearless suffering. Yet we never think of her as cold—her feelings are only too deep for expression.

The woman who exclaims when she sees a mouse or is ready to dissolve in tears on the slightest provocation, might do well to make a study of Hermione. Of the same strength of character, but perhaps not of the same depth, is Pauline the friend of Hermione. True hearted and impulsive she reminds us of the typical American girl.

Cordelia is no doubt, the best instance of a noble woman in her proper sphere. There is nothing remarkable in any of her actions, but it is in the little affairs of everyday life that her magnanimity and worth are shown. She is, indeed

"A creature not too bright or good
For human nature's daily food."
Few words are needed to characterize Perdita and Miranda, both beautiful and good—more spiritual than material.

I need not say much of the three wicked women, Lady Macbeth, Regan and Goneril. They are indeed base, but we are not to interpret their baseness as virtue. For although Shakespeare does not make all his characters good any more than does nature, still he does not make his villains heroes. Lady Macbeth herself realizes that the crime she is meditating is one directly opposed to her feminine nature for she cries—

"Come, you spirits that do tend on mortal thoughts,
Unsex me here."
But we see that her womanly instincts have not entirely left her when she declares as an excuse for not herself executing the deed.

"Had he not resembled my father as he slept, I had done it."

Ophelia is the only one of all the women who elicits our sympathy for her weakness. We cannot call her a heroine because she fails to rise above her own sorrows and save Hamlet in the hour of need. Yet her influence is felt throughout the play and we would not condemn her although we cannot greatly admire her.

Juliet, of all Shakespeare's women, the hardest to characterize. She is strong, undoubtedly, yet not great. If we would judge her rightly we must remember that she is an Italian woman and so possesses all the strong passions of the south. Two of her most prominent characteristics are, her faith in Romeo and her selfishness. Although her lover belongs to the family of her worst enemy and the circumstances might well admit of treachery, she never once questions his good faith and when he asks by what she shall swear that his love is true, she answers.

"Swear not at all, or if thou wilt,
Swear by thy gracious self
And I'll believe thee."

Deedamona has been severely criticized by those who have studied Shakespeare, and were she living today she would doubtless be still more severely criticized for her submission to her husband and her meekness. She was not a woman who would claim her rights, for these rights were of no value to her without her husband's love. It is not easy to appreciate her character for we must be in sympathy with her before we can understand her.

In Isabella Shakespeare has given us our ideal of woman deeply religious, yet helpful and sympathetic in the home. Her soul still maintains the purity and innocence of the cloister although surrounded by many evil characters.

And so going on through all the plays we find that Shakespeare has even an exalted idea of woman's position and of her power. And what would he have us be? Not prudish, nor mannish wonder, but strong and yet tender, brave and true, in a word, womanly women.

CHOKED TO DEATH.

Postoria, O. June 12—George W. Preble, aged 65, choked to death on a piece of meat while eating dinner.

The Cause of Many Sudden Deaths.

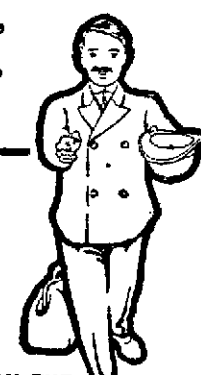
There is a disease prevailing in this country most dangerous because so deceptive. Many sudden deaths are caused by it—heart disease, pneumonia, heart failure or apoplexy are often the result of kidney disease. If kidney trouble is allowed to advance the kidney-poisoned blood will attack the vital organs of the body and the kidneys themselves break down and waste away call by call.

Bladder troubles most always result from a derangement of the kidneys and a cure is obtained quickest by a proper treatment of the kidneys. If you are feeling badly you can make no mistake by taking Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney, liver and bladder remedy.

It corrects inability to hold urine and causing pain in passing it, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to go often during the day, and to get up many times during the night. The mild and extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases.

Swamp-Root is pleasant to take and sold by all druggists in fifty-cent and one-dollar sized bottles. You may have a sample bottle of this wonderful new discovery and a book that tells all about it, both sent free by mail. Address Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y. When writing mention reading this generous offer in this paper.

Don't make any mistake, but remember the name Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle.



ROMOC

CURES RHEUMATISM because it drives out of the blood all those foreign poisons and acids which cause the disease.

CURES INDIGESTION because it strengthens the stomach and renews the digestive juices. It heals irritated surfaces almost instantly.

CURES NERVOUSNESS because it builds up the nerve tissues and stimulates the nerve centres.

CURES BLOOD TROUBLES because it cleanses, and because it contains the elements which make red corpuscles, the vital component of the blood.

I ASSERT POSITIVELY THAT ROMOC HAS BEEN PROVEN TO DO THESE THINGS.

Ernest T. Johnson, 10 S. Second St.

Agent For

Toledo Steam And Gasoline Automobiles and National Electric Vehicles.

100 Miles On One Charge.

R. C. LINGAFELTER, Agt.
Office, Newark Savings Bank.

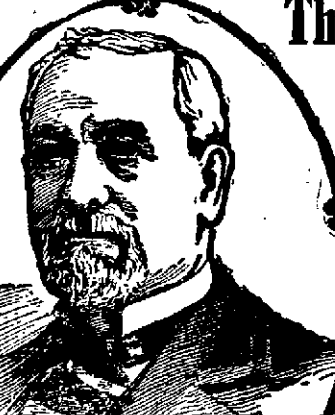
COMING TO NEWARK, O.

WARDEN HOTEL.
From 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. One day only **SATURDAY, JULY 4**

The Chief Consulting and Examining Physician of the France Medical Institute Co., Dr. requires visit the above town on date named. Consultation Free and Strictly Confidential. If you are suffering from any disease, weakness or disability, why not consult an Experienced, Educated Specialist, one thoroughly equipped with all the necessary appliances known to the medical science?

BLOOD POISON, VARICOCELE, STRICTURE

and Diseases of Men and Women Positively Cured by THE FRANCE TREATMENT.



The France Medical Institute

38-40 West Gay Street, Columbus, Ohio. On Block North of Statehouse.
ESTABLISHED 1888.

Oldest—Most Reliable—Best Equipped.

Our long experience, remarkable skill and universal success for the past twenty years in Ohio entitle us to the full confidence of the afflicted.

We Treat and Cure Medical and Surgical Diseases of the Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Stomach, Kidney, Liver, Blood, Syphilis, Bladder, Nervous System, Chronic, Female and Sexual Diseases, etc. etc. We have perfected the most successful method of curing Venereal Disease, Gonorrhea, Syphilis, etc. etc. We have cured thousands of cases of these diseases arising from various practices of youth, resulting in marriage unhappiness, annually sweeping an untold number of thousands of excited talent and brilliant intellect. It costs no more to employ an expert than to risk your life with an inexperienced physician. The France System of Local Treatment, with Medication, and for Men is positive the most complete and successful known for Venereal Disease, Stricture, weak and undeveloped organs.

ALL CURABLE CASES GUARANTEED

THE FRANCE URETHRAL TREATMENT is a Medicated Bougie for the cure of Stricture and a mass of Discharges of the Bladder, Urethra and Prostate Gland. The Bougies are inserted into the urethra canal upon retiring at night, and slip into position without the slightest effort, requiring but time to dissolve. They act like a mild electric current, invigorating and invigorating the sap to the entire body. The curative effect is felt from the first application. Our special treatment completely dissolves the Stricture and permanently removes obstructions from the urinary passage. Each person applying for medical treatment should bring or send from two to four ounces of urine, while receiving the treatment, for microscopic examination. We have cured thousands of cases of these diseases. Write for book of 100 pages and list of 500 questions. Correspondence, Consultation and Examination free and strictly confidential. No names published without the written consent of the patient. Treatment sent by mail or express to any part of the United States.

all on order
The France Medical Institute Co., 38 W. Gay St., Columbus, O.

DIAMONDS

LOOSE AND MOUNTED AT OLD PRICES
Never to be Duplicated at the Present Prices.

HAYNES BROS.

JEWELERS OPTICIANS

Spring and Summer Millinery

H. M. BOWER

NEXT TO POSTOFFICE.

Saturday Silk Selling

Will Close The Sale of Black Silk Taffetas.

We have sold over 1,500 yards of black silks in these 4 days for skirts, waists, coats and summer suits. If you haven't seen them, a trip will pay you on Saturday. Silk foundations or drop silk skirts promise big for fall, light weight in dress fabrics being the thing that all buyers are buying for next fall. Consequently every woman will want a silk skirt.

First--40 pieces of Yama Mai Silks, regularly 39 to 50 cent. Now **29c a yd.**

Second--10 pieces yard wide Habutai and Florentine Silks, regularly 65 to 75 cents. Now **50c a yd.**

Third--\$1.00 Silk Moires for 58c a yard Now **58c a yd.**

Fourth--The "Grandwear" Black Taffetas, the 19 inch ones, regularly 59c. Now **47c a yd.**

The 24 inch Silks, Regular 85c. Now **67c a yd.**

The Yard Wide Silks, Regular \$1.00. Now **82c a yd.**

Summer Shirt Waists Suits Added.

We received this morning three numbers of Washable Suits, some all white, some white grounds with black dots and stripes, nicely made and we will sell them Saturday for less than what the dressmaker would ask for the making alone. Ask to see the all white suit for ladies at **\$3.00**, or the light weight Pique Suit with fine white dots at **\$3.95** each. They will be a revelation to you at these prices.

**THE
A. A. Griggs
COMPANY**

REV. MR. MATTHEWS

A Cincinnati Minister, Will Speak
Next Sunday Evening at Trinity
Episcopal Church.

The Rev. Paul Matthews of St. Luke's parish, Cincinnati, will preach in Trinity church this place, next Sunday evening at 7.40. The hour of the service will be changed from 7 to 7:45 on account of his inability to reach town before 7:35. The Rev. Mr. Matthews is appointed and sent out by the Woman's Auxiliary as special preacher to speak for the cause of Missions to the different parishes of the diocese. He does not come, however, to preach to women especially or to the local auxiliary and their friends but to all the people of the parish or town and particularly to the men. He desires to speak especially to those

who are not interested and even may be opposed to mission work. Also he will be glad to address those who are happily alive to the great importance of the subject. Women will of course, be entirely welcome, but it is desired to have it thoroughly understood that neither the sermon nor the service is intended especially for women.

A cordial invitation is extended to all to come and hear the sermon. The Rev. Mr. Matthews is an eloquent speaker and will undoubtedly attract a great number of people to hear him. This is the reason he was chosen for the work. While the object is decidedly not financial but educational, still a collection will be taken which will be devoted to the purposes of the auxiliary.

Dyspepsia—bane of human existence. Burdock Blood Bitters cures it, promptly, permanently. Regulates and tones the stomach.

Y. M. C. A. Lawn Fete

Unless the weather continues too cool the Y. M. C. A. lawn fete to be given in Second street, near the Second Presbyterian church tomorrow evening promises to be the biggest affair of its kind yet given in Newark. Thirty ladies, members of the Ladies' Auxiliary, and others interested in the Association, have consented to preside at tables and will be assisted by a corps of young ladies as waiters.

Ice cream, berries, cake, pop corn, peanuts, crackerjack, etc., will be furnished in abundance, so that all who come can be served.

The Buckeye Band will give its first outdoor evening concert for the season from 7 to 10.

Tickets of admission which also entitle holders to either cream or berries are sold at 10 cents. The members have already reported a large sale.

As announced on the tickets, in case of rain or cold weather the fete will be held in the Y. M. C. A. gymnasium.

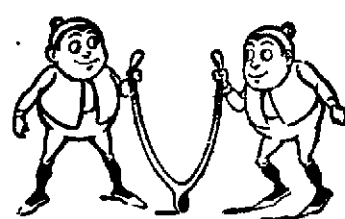
Sick Headache absolutely and permanently cured by using Moki Tea. A pleasant herb drink. Cures Constipation and Indigestion, makes you eat, sleep, work and happy. Satisfaction guaranteed or money back. 25 cents and 50 cents. Write to W. H. Hooker & Co., Buffalo, N. Y., for a free sample. For sale by Collins & Son.

If you are troubled with impure blood, indicated by sores, pimples, headache, etc., we would recommend Acker's Blood Elixir, which we sell under a positive guarantee. It will always cure Scrofulous or Syphilitic poisons and all blood diseases. 50 cts. and \$1.00. For sale by Collins & Son.

M. J. REESE HAS REMOVED

His insurance office to 14 1-2 North Second street with F. A. Bolton, the attorney. 6-5-461*

The head instructor of the naval college of China is to be an American.



A Good Reason Why

You Should do Your Saturday's Shopping
At Our Store.

You'll Wish You Had When you hear your neighbors talking of the wonderful bargains they obtained.

Tomorrow, Saturday, June 13th

We are making a particularly strong effort to induce you to trade with us. Every item below a genuine bargain and many more which we cannot mention here.

Remember, This Sale Is for One Day Only!

All Silk Ribbons, about 4 inches wide, the new shades, tomorrow **10c**

A 50c Ladies Batiste Girdle Corset, tomorrow **33c**

A 25c Brass Lace Curtain extension rod, not sash curtain rod, for tomorrow **10c**



Ladies' Tailor Made Suits.

A big line of Ladies Summer Suits, consisting of thin wash goods, Silks, Wool Voile, Mohairs, etc., in plain and dotted white, blue dotted, tans, blacks, and various shades, all the very newest and latest creations, for tomorrow at about the ordinary wholesale price.

It will pay you to see our Moquette Rugs, tomorrow **79c**

Children's 15c Fast Black School Hose, tomorrow **10c**

200 Ladies Street Skirts, 4 different styles, worth \$1.98 anywhere, tomorrow **98c**

Another 25 dozen of those Handsome Striped Gingham Petticoats, worth \$1.00 anywhere, tomorrow **65c**

Muslin

Underwear Sale.

We are offering for tomorrow various lines of Ladies Muslin Underwear, consisting of Corset Covers, Chemise, Night Gowns, Drawers, etc., at Bargain Day prices. We have absolutely the largest and most complete line in this vicinity and many items are actually selling below wholesale prices.



200 Children's Parasols Tomorrow **10c**

Some new things in Ladies Shirt Waists, just received. Tomorrow at prices that will sell them fast

Meyer & Lindorf.

We Give Sperry & Hutchinson's Green Trading Stamps.

Grand Opening
NEWARK'S
GREAT
DEPARTMENT
STORE
THURSDAY
OF NEXT WEEK
JUNE 18th
—NEARLY 25 DEPARTMENTS—
25,000 FEET OF FLOOR SPACE
THREE FLOORS AND BASEMENT
THE OPENING WILL BE CELEBRATED BY SPECIAL BARGAINS IN EACH DEPARTMENT.
MUSIC AND SOUVENIRS FOR ALL.
Everyone cordially invited to attend regardless of purchases—but the unusual offerings will pay for waiting.

The Powers-Miller Co.
NEW UNION BLOCK,
CHURCH AND FOURTH STREETS

